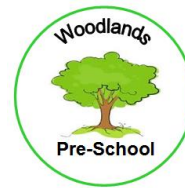


Binley Woods Primary School and Woodlands Pre-School



Policy for Handling Concerns and Complaints

Developed by:	Local Authority Model (amended for small school context)
Last review:	November 2022
Next Review Date:	November 2025
Adopted by Governing Body:	November 2022

Binley Woods Primary School Complaints Policy

Governors of Binley Woods Primary School have adopted the following policy to deal with formal complaints from members of the school community or general public. *(The stages of the procedure are in black type and guidance is in blue)*

Dealing with concerns at the earliest opportunity

If parents, pupils or members of the public have concerns they should:

1. Discuss their concerns with the member of staff most directly involved

and, if not satisfied;

2. Discuss their concerns with a senior member of staff or the Head Teacher

We expect the majority of concerns will be resolved informally in this way (and not recorded as a formal complaint). However, if not the following formal procedure will be followed:

3. The person should register their concerns in writing with the Headteacher as a formal complaint. *(A form for this purpose is shown at Appendix 1)*

Stage 1 of the formal process:

The Head Teacher will look into the complaint and respond within 10 working days. Where the complaint concerns the direct actions of the Headteacher, and informal discussions have not resolved the matter, s/he should pass the matter to the Chair of Governors. Even in such cases, every effort should be made to resolve the matter informally by the Head and Chair before moving to the formal stage.

At each stage in the procedure, school will want to keep in mind ways in which a concern or complaint can be resolved. It might be sufficient to acknowledge that the concern or complaint is valid in whole or in part. In addition, it may be appropriate to offer one or more of the following:

- an appropriate apology;
- an explanation;
- an admission that the situation could have been handled differently or better;
- an assurance that the event complained of will not recur;
- an explanation of the steps that have been taken to ensure that it will not happen again;
- a commitment to review school policies in light of the complaint.

Complainants should be encouraged to state what actions they feel might resolve the problem at any stage. An admission that the school could have handled the situation better is not the same as an admission of negligence. Equally, an effective procedure will identify areas of agreement between the parties. It is also of importance to clarify any misunderstandings that might have occurred, as this can create a positive atmosphere in which to discuss any outstanding issues.

Only where all these avenues have been tried and found unsatisfactory should the complainant take a complaint to the Chair of Governors or the Governor professional (clerk).

Principles informing our complaints procedure

This procedure is designed to:

- be well publicised and easily accessible
- be simple to understand and use
- be impartial
- be non-adversarial
- allow swift handling with established time limits for action and keeping people informed of the progress
- allow a mediation process if agreed by the complainant
- ensure a full and fair investigation where necessary by an independent person.
- allow for a hearing of a panel of Governors, where appropriate
- respect people's desire for confidentiality, wherever possible
- address all points of issue, provide an effective response and appropriate redress where necessary
- provide information to the school's Senior Management Team so that services can be improved.

Stage 2 - Making a Complaint to the Governing Body

Where informal measures have been unsuccessful in resolving a complaint and the first formal stage has not resolved the complaint, the complainant should write to the Chair of Governors or Governing professional (clerk) at the school address. The envelope should be marked 'FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION' 'PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL' and staff in the school office must ensure that the letter is forwarded without delay.

The complainant will be asked to complete Form 2 (Appendix 4) and a complaint form (Appendix 1) if they have not already done so. The Chair of Governors or professional (Clerk) will offer to help an individual to complete the form if appropriate'

On receipt of the complaint forms the Chair of Governors (or other governor) will:

- clarify the nature of the complaint and what remains unresolved;
- meet with the complainant or contact them (if unsure or further information is necessary);
- clarify what the complainant feels would put things right.

At this point the Chair of Governors will decide whether the complaint should go straight to the governors' complaints panel or whether a mediation stage should be offered. Mediation can only proceed if the complainant and the Headteacher are willing for it to be tried. If mediation is not successful, the complaint will be considered by the governors' complaints panel.

Mediation

(See Appendix 3 for Mediation facilitator options)

Mediation can be a good way to resolve a complaint because:

- It gives both complainant and Headteacher another opportunity to hear one another's points of view (with a third party facilitating)
- It gives the third party an opportunity to help Headteacher and complainant identify and build on areas of agreement
- It gives Headteacher and complainant a structure within which they can resolve remaining differences.
- If both complainant and Headteacher emerge from the mediation satisfied, that is the best foundation for a continuing positive relationship between them.
- Even if the complaint continues to a governors' panel, the issues to be considered are likely to be much clearer following the mediation.

Mediation may elicit one or more of the responses listed below from either party:

- an acknowledgement that the complaint is valid in whole or in part.
- an appropriate apology;
- an explanation;
- an admission that the situation could have been handled differently or better;
- an assurance that the event complained of will not recur;
- an explanation of the steps that have been taken to ensure that it will not happen again;
- an acceptance that the complaint needs go no further
- a commitment to review school policies in light of the complaint.

Governors' Complaints Panel

Where the complainant is still not satisfied that their complaint has been dealt with fully and properly, they may choose to take it to a panel of Governors, and the Chair should pass the matter to the Clerk to arrange a meeting of the panel.

Establishing a complaints panel:

The governing body should agree the composition of the complaints panel at the first meeting of the governing body each year.

As governors may not be available at all times, governing bodies are advised to agree the names of 4 or 5 possible governors from whom a panel of three may be drawn. The decision about the membership of a particular panel will depend on factors such as availability, whether any governors have prior knowledge or have a conflict etc. and the decision will be made by the chair of governors (or the Vice Chair if the Chair is not available or previously involved).

When the Governor Professional (Clerk to Governors) receives a copy of the complaint form he/she will inform the governing body that a complaint has been received and that it has been passed to the panel to deal with. No further information about the complaint should be shared with other governors.

There are several points which any governor sitting on a complaints panel needs to remember:

- It is important that the appeal hearing is independent and impartial and that it is seen to be so. No governor may sit on the panel if they have had a prior involvement in the complaint or in the circumstances surrounding it.
- The aim of the hearing, which needs to be held in private, will always be to resolve the complaint and achieve reconciliation between the school and the complainant
- The panel chair will ensure that the proceedings are as welcoming as possible. The layout of the room will set the tone and care is needed to ensure the setting is not intimidating and not adversarial

The Chair of the Panel will be nominated by the Chair of Governors and is responsible for ensuring that both complainant and Headteacher are given a fair hearing and that the panel arrives at its judgement without fear or favour.

Remit of the panel: the complaints panel can:

- dismiss the complaint in whole or in part;
- uphold the complaint in whole or in part;
- decide on the appropriate action to be taken to resolve the complaint
- recommend changes to the school's systems or procedures to ensure problems of a similar nature do not recur.

It may:

- Consider and, if appropriate, criticise the way in which an operational decision was communicated — but cannot overturn the decision itself.
- Consider the thoroughness with which the Headteacher investigated a complaint about a member of staff — but cannot expect the Headteacher to provide details about confidential discussions with that staff member.
- Consider the manner in which a complaint about any decision was addressed ask for the decision to be reviewed — but cannot expect the Headteacher to have changed the decision
- Consider and, if appropriate, identify limitations in a policy or procedures —but cannot make changes to the policy. (It can, however, recommend that the policy be reviewed by the governing body to ensure that problems of a similar nature do not recur, and individual panel members can subsequently play their part in improving the policy)
- Consider whether it should recommend that the governing body offer appropriate redress

Format of a Panel Hearing

1. The panel will meet at least 15 minutes before the hearing is scheduled to start to ensure they are familiar with the procedure to be followed and that the layout of the room is appropriate
2. The complainant will be invited into the room where the hearing is being held.
3. The Chair will introduce the panel members and the Governor professional (Clerk) and outline the procedure to be followed.
4. The complainant will be invited to explain the complaint based on any papers that have been submitted.,
5. The panel will ask questions of the complainant based on what has been said or written.
6. The complainant will be invited to make a final statement
7. The complainant will leave the hearing.
8. The panel will invite the Headteacher into the hearing to outline the school's position and the response to the complaint
9. The panel will ask questions of the headteacher based on what has been said or written.
10. The Headteacher is then invited to make a final statement on the school's actions and response to the complaint.
11. The Headteacher will leave the hearing.
12. The panel of Governors will discuss what they have heard and read and decide on the issues.
13. The Clerk will remain with the panel to clarify any issues.
14. The panel will write to the complainant and the headteacher with their decision within 5 school working days of the hearing

Notes:

The hearing should be made as unthreatening as possible to all parties.

The panel may ask questions at any point. Panel members must find ways to ask probing questions while maintaining impartiality.

The Chair of the panel should discourage the introduction of fresh documentary evidence at the hearing — there should be every encouragement to produce the evidence in advance so that both sides have time to study it. However, if new and relevant evidence is accepted by the Chair, the Chair will adjourn the hearing for a few minutes to allow the panel to read the document and so that it can be shared with the other side. In the unlikely event that the Chair accepts new evidence from the school, the complainant must be given the opportunity to comment on the evidence before the panel proceed to discuss their findings.

Some notes on exceptional circumstances

For the sake of clarity, the description above does not cover exceptional circumstances which might include:

The Chair of Governors may not be able to find three governors who have no prior knowledge of the case

If a case has become a major talking point around the community, the chair can nominate three governors with minimal prior knowledge

If there are still insufficient governors able to sit on a panel, the governing body in consultation with the Local Authority will put in place an alternative fair process, **initially by seeking the assistance of governors from one of our partner schools**

Please consult Governor Services in the first instance.

A complaint to the governors' complaints panel will never be against a junior member of staff although it may be against the way the Headteacher handled a complaint against a junior member of staff. It is conceivable that there are circumstances where a senior manager will appropriately stand in for the Headteacher. That would need to be considered very carefully but if agreed the senior manager would be 'the Headteacher' for the purpose of the panel procedure.

There may be exceptional circumstances in which the complaint is against the Chair of Governors — e.g. for refusing to deal with a complaint. In those circumstances the procedure above would be adapted and every reference to 'Headteacher' would be read as 'Chair of Governors'.

Writing the decision letter

The Clerk should ensure that s/he has clear wording stating the panel decision about each of the issues that the panel considered, before the panel is allowed to finish. The Clerk will use that wording to draft the decision letter. This should be sent to all members of the panel for checking. Once approved by all three panel members, it should be sent to the complainant with a copy to the Headteacher.

The letter should clearly express how seriously the panel considered the complaint.

The Clerk should be careful that the letter sticks to the facts and gives no hint of partiality.

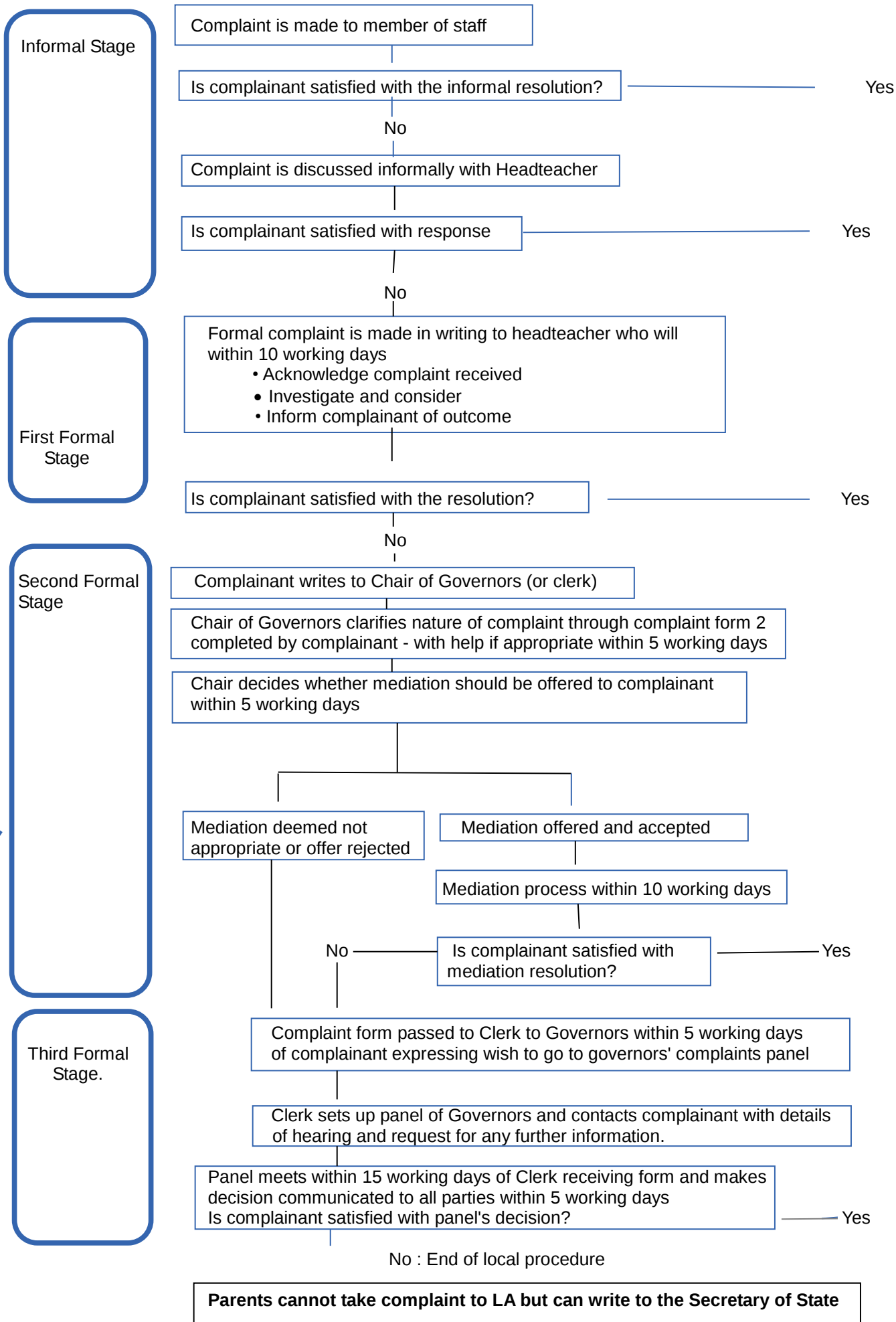
The Clerk should ensure that the letter reaches the complainant and the Headteacher by the deadline stated in our policy and/or in a statement by the Chair at the end of the hearing — usually five working days.

Monitoring Complaints

As well as addressing an individual's complaint, the process of listening to and resolving complaints would contribute to school improvements. When individual complaints are heard, schools may identify issues that need to be addressed. The monitoring and review of complaints by the school and Governing Body can be useful to evaluating the school's performance. Any discussion of complaints by the Governing Body or others in the school community should not name or be able to identify individuals.

The flowchart overleaf summarises the complaints process.

FLOWCHART - COMPLAINTS PROCESS FROM START TO FINISH



Annex 1 Model Complaint Form

Notes

The form overleaf must be used by any person making a complaint about the operation of the school which is not covered by an alternative specific procedure. Complaints will most often come from parents or carers but may also come from pupils/students or members of the public, e.g. school neighbours.

Anyone receiving this form should be advised verbally that help in completing it is available from the school. A member of school staff who is familiar with the process should be nominated to give help.

Binley Woods Primary School

Complaint Form

Please complete and return to the Head Teacher who will acknowledge receipt and explain what action will be taken.

Your name

.....
...

Address:.....

.....

.....

.....

Postcode:

Daytime telephone number:

.....

Evening telephone number:

.....

If applicable, name of child(ren) at school:

Please give details of your complaint:

What action, if any, have you already taken to try and resolve your complaint? (Who did you speak to and what was the response?)

Your relationship to the school, e.g. parent, carer, neighbour, member of public:

What actions do you feel might resolve the problem at this stage?

Are you wishing to submit any written evidence or documents. If so, please give details and attach to this form.

Signature:

Date:

Official Use:

Date of acknowledgement sent:

By Whom:

Complaint referred to:

Date:

Appendix 2

BINLEY WOODS PRIMARY SCHOOL **Sharing your concerns about your child's education** **A Parents' Guide**

Binley Woods Primary School recognises that at times things can go wrong. This guidance will help you understand how to resolve concerns you may have about your child's education.

The school has procedures for dealing with concerns or complaints and we value any feedback about our services, including compliments and suggestions. If you are concerned about any aspect of your child's education, you should contact your child's class teacher or the Head Teacher at the school.

The school's governing body has overall responsibility for the school and for ensuring the well-being of pupils and that all pupils receive an appropriate and high standard of education.

The Headteacher is responsible for making decisions on a daily basis about the school's internal management and organisation. So you should contact the school if you are concerned about an issue such as:

- your child's academic progress
- special education needs provision
- your child's welfare
- bullying
- something that has happened in school;

How do I complain to the school?

First, we hope you will speak to the relevant member of staff as soon as you have a concern. This will usually be your child's class teacher.

This informal approach is nearly always the quickest and most effective way of resolving your concerns.

If you feel that your concern has not been resolved, then it is important to speak informally to the Head teacher and discuss your concern.

If you are not satisfied with the results of this discussion with the Headteacher put your concern in writing as a complaint on the form which you can obtain from the school office. The Head will then formally arrange an investigation of your concern and give you a response in writing within **10 working days**

If you are still unhappy with the Headteacher's response you should write with your complaint to the Chair of Governors at the school address. Mark your envelope

'FOR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION' – Private and Confidential.

This is how your complaint will be handled

Within 5 working days the Chair of Governors will clarify the nature of your complaint and will ask you to complete a second form explaining what has been done so far and why you are not satisfied. S/he may ask you to update your original complaint form and, if appropriate, will offer help in completing the form.

Within 5 working days of receiving the form the Chair will decide whether mediation should be offered to help you and the Headteacher explore possible resolution.

If mediation is agreed, the chair of governors will endeavour to set up the meeting **within 10 working days**. If that time-scale is not possible you will be told the reason.

If mediation is not deemed appropriate or if it is not successful, the Chair of Governors or Clerk will set up a panel of governors to meet **within 15 working days** of receipt of complaint form to consider your complaint. The Clerk to the Governors will provide details of the hearing and will

request any further information you may wish to provide. Copies of any papers which you wish to use as evidence to the panel should be submitted to the clerk **no later than seven days** before the hearing date. The Chair of the panel will not normally allow the submission by either side of any further evidence at the hearing.

The Complaints Panel will consist of three governors who (as far as possible) will have no prior knowledge of the events being complained of. **If it is not possible to appoint 3 Binley Woods governors without prior involvement, governors from one of our partner schools will be asked to assist in making up the panel.** The panel will be supported by a clerk who will take notes during the hearing and will stay with the panel while they make their decision in case governors need to be reminded about responses to a particular question. The panel will hear the complaint impartially and make their decision based on the facts and the evidence they have been provided with.

Five working days before the hearing the clerk will send to you, the complainant; to the Headteacher and to the three panel members, copies of all papers submitted by both sides so that there is sufficient time to read the evidence before the hearing.

At the hearing,

1. You will be invited into the room where the panel is being held and the Chair of the panel will introduce the panel members and the Clerk to you and remind you of the procedure for the hearing..
- 2.. You will be invited to explain your complaint based on the papers that you have submitted to the panel,
3. The governors on the panel will ask you questions about your complaint and what you have said or written.
4. You will be invited to make a final comment and indicate how you might hope the matter would be resolved.
5. You will then be free to leave the school.
6. The panel will invite the Headteacher to join them to outline the school's position
7. The governors on the panel will ask questions of the headteacher about the complaint and what has been said or written about it.
8. The Headteacher will be invited to make a final statement on the school's actions and the response to the complaint.
9. The Headteacher will then leave the hearing.
10. The panel will then discuss in private all that they have heard and read and reach a decision. The clerk will remain with the panel during this discussion.
11. The panel will give you their written decision within five school working days.

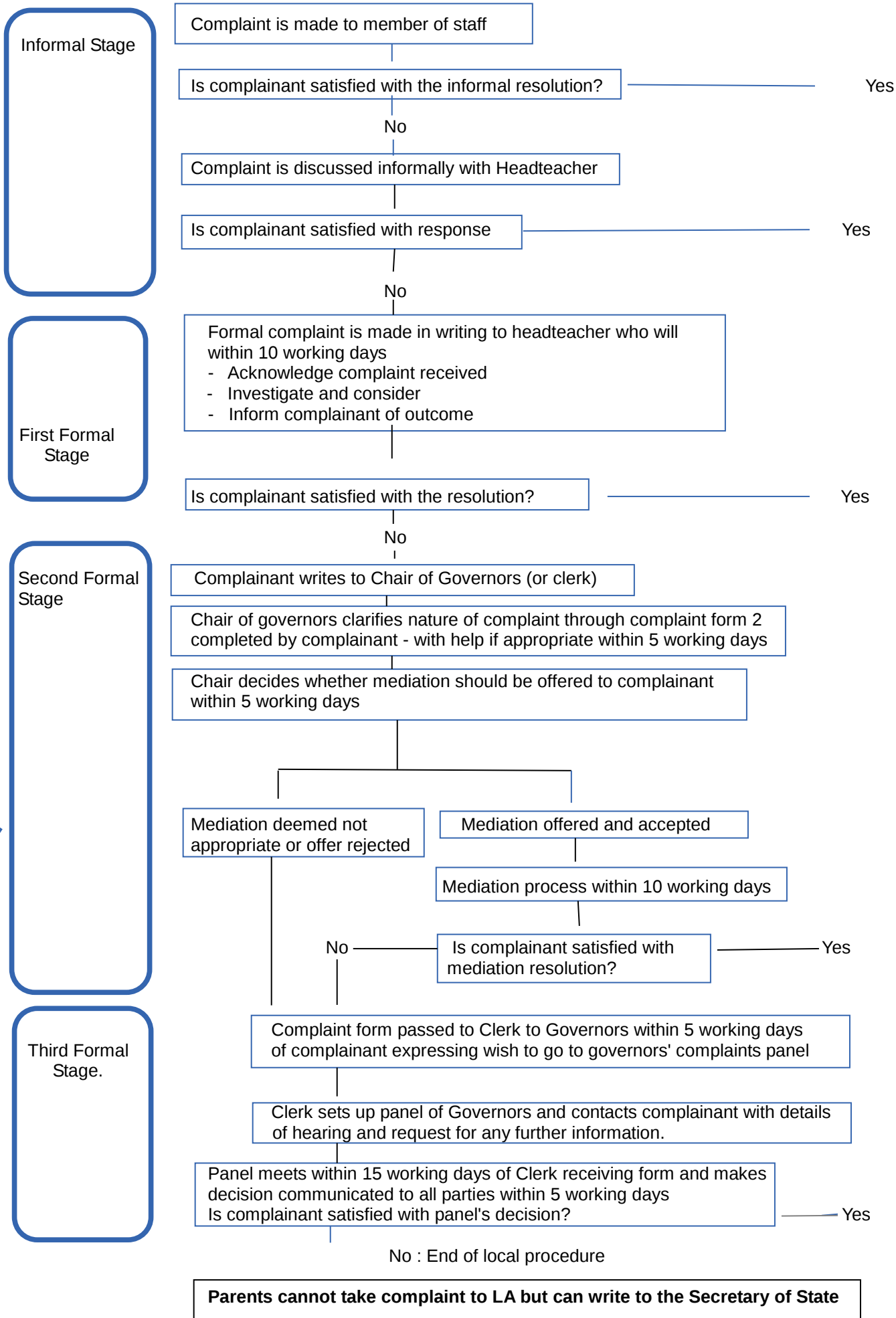
The flowchart overleaf set out the procedure in diagram form.

Can I take my complaint further?

You cannot take your complaint to the local authority. The local authority cannot investigate school matters on a parent's behalf nor can it review how the school has dealt with your complaint.

However, if you feel that the school has acted unreasonably or not followed the correct procedures, you can write to the Secretary of State for Education
<http://www.education.gov.uk/help/contactus/dfe>

FLOWCHART - COMPLAINTS PROCESS FROM START TO FINISH



Mediation

The benefits of mediation

Mediation can be a good way to resolve a complaint because:

- It gives both complainant and Headteacher another opportunity to hear each other's points of view (with a third party facilitating)
- It gives the third party an opportunity to help Headteacher and complainant explore and build on areas of agreement
- It gives Headteacher and complainant a structure within which they can resolve remaining differences.
- If both complainant and Headteacher emerge from the mediation satisfied, that is the best foundation for a continuing positive relationship between them.
- Even if the complaint continues to a governors' panel, the issues to be considered should be much clearer.

Mediation may elicit one or more of the responses listed below from either party:

- an acknowledgement that the complaint is valid in whole or in part.
- an apology;
- an explanation;
- an admission that the situation could have been handled differently or better;
- an assurance that the event complained of will not recur;
- an explanation of the steps that have been taken to ensure that it will not happen again;
- a commitment to review school policies in light of the complaint.

Recourse to mediation must be with the agreement of both parties and is intended to help arrive at a mutually agreeable solution — it is not possible to impose this on either party. Nor does it prevent a complainant having recourse to formal appeals procedures as detailed.

In-house mediation

Many chairs of governors and other governors already have the skills — or can acquire the skills — to conduct a mediation process between their Headteacher and a complainant. The skills and attributes include:

- ability to listen impartially to both sides
- ability to control a dialogue so that both sides listen to each other
- ability to summarise the arguments and focus the dialogue
- ability to identify areas of agreement that might form a basis for resolving one or more of the issues relating to the complaint
- understanding that solutions cannot be imposed and that both parties need to be satisfied with whatever is resolved.
- understanding that mediation does not always work and there is a further step available to complainants.

If the governing body requires outside help

Governor Services offers a mediation service where a trained clerk, governor or adviser acts as mediator.

The mediation 'package' consists of the following elements:

- familiarisation with the background and nature of the complaint (including the reading of supporting documentation and interviews with the complainant, staff and governors as appropriate. These may be 'face to face' or by telephone);
- a mediation meeting between the complainant and a representative of the school;
- a written summary of the mediation meeting including, where appropriate, recommendations in relation to school policies, procedures and actions.

Mediation will be undertaken by a trained clerk, governor or adviser not directly linked to the school in order to ensure complete impartiality.

This service can be accessed on a consultancy basis. The standard cost of the above package is a half day unit. Where the process of familiarisation with the background to the complaint indicates that a half day of consultancy is likely to be inadequate, the school will be advised of this fact before proceeding further.

**To access the mediation service contact Governor Services on
01926 412259**

Support and Training:

For advice or training in relation to the process please contact **Governor Services on
01926 412259**

Appendix 4

Binley Woods Primary School and Woodlands Pre-school

Complaint Procedures Form 2 – Stage 3 Hearing by Governors

If you have received a response from the Headteacher to a formal complaint and you are not satisfied with the response you can ask that the matter be considered by a panel of Governors at Stage 3 of the Complaints Procedure. Governors will not hear complaints unless they are satisfied that the previous stages of the complaints procedure have been followed.

Please complete this form and return to the school addressed to the Chair of Governors and marked "FOR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION - PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL" He/she will acknowledge receipt and explain what action will be taken.

Your name

Please attach to this form a copy of your original complaint form. (If you have not retained a copy you can ask the Head for one)

1. Please set out what you have done to get your complaint answered and who you have discussed the matter with.
2. Please explain briefly why you are not satisfied with the response you have received so far.
3. Do you wish to submit any further written evidence or documents which have not been supplied with your initial complaint form? If so please give details and attach them to this form. (The Head will supply the Governors panel with copies of whatever you sent in with your initial complaint form.)

4. What do you want to be the outcome from your complaint?

Before arranging a hearing the Chair of Governors may offer you the opportunity for mediation in accordance with the schools policy. It has been shown that there are many advantages in involving a trained mediator on the process of resolving complaints or disputes. The Chair will discuss with you the possibility and whether you and the Headteacher are happy to try mediation before the next stage of the procedure

Signature

Date:

Official Use:

Date of acknowledgement sent:

By Whom:.....

Model Complaints Policy for Schools

Dealing with Concerns and Complaints

Complaints Policy for Schools

Introduction

It is in everyone's interest that complaints about your school are resolved at the earliest possible stage. The experience of the first contact between the complainant and the school can be crucial in determining whether the complaint will escalate. To that end, the school must be clear about the procedures they will apply when they receive a complaint.

Legally, the Local Authority has no grounds to engage in issues that are school related, but we do all want to have 'satisfied customers'. One way we can support schools is by ensuring they have procedures that are clear and helpful.

We are therefore pleased to offer an updated model complaints procedure for Warwickshire schools and strongly encourage all governing bodies to adopt the model, and to ensure that all governors, staff, parents and partners are aware of it and that it is readily accessible.

Schools need to be clear about the difference between a concern and a complaint. Taking informal concerns seriously at the earliest stage will reduce the numbers that develop into formal complaints.

The underlying principle is that concerns ought to be handled, if at all possible, without the need for formal procedures. *The requirement to have a complaints procedure need not in any way undermine efforts to resolve the concern informally.*

In most cases the class teacher will receive the first approach. It is helpful when staff are able to resolve issues on the spot. This may include offering a clear explanation; in some cases accepting that a situation could have been handled better; in other cases an apology may be appropriate.

The Responsibility of the School

- From 1 September 2003 Governing Bodies of all maintained schools and maintained nursery schools in England, have been required to have in place a procedure to deal with complaints relating to the school and to any community facilities or services that the school provides. The law also requires the procedure to be publicised.
- The majority of schools already have a complaints procedure in place. This document is intended to help schools draw up a complaints procedure if they have not done so, or to review their existing procedure.
- The governing body has overall responsibility for the school and for ensuring that all pupils receive an appropriate and high standard of education. The Headteacher is responsible for making decisions on a daily basis about the school's internal management and organisation. **The school should make it clear that parents and others should direct complaints to the school rather than the governing body in the first instance.**
- The model procedure included as Appendix 1 is a good practice guide, which will apply to most general complaints received by schools. It is not intended to cover those matters for which there is a specific statutory process to object, complain or appeal.
- Concerns about allegations of **child abuse and staff discipline must be dealt with through the separate agreed procedures that have been adopted for these purposes.**

Separate procedures also exist for appeals about:

1. special needs assessments
2. school admissions /Admission Appeals Guide
3. exclusions
4. guidance on dealing with complaints linked to racism is contained in Warwickshire County Council's Guidance to Schools on Tackling Racial Harassment

- It is a requirement for schools to make all parents aware of the existence of their complaints procedure. The best way to do this may be to distribute a leaflet and include a summary of the procedure in the school's prospectus. The text of a possible summary for parents is included at Appendix 2.

Responsibility of other service providers

With the growth of community use of school premises the school may not be directly responsible for something that a parent or member of the public wishes to complain about.

It is recommended that the governing body ensures that any third party providers offering community facilities or services through the school premises, or using school facilities [even if it's hiring it out for a wedding reception!], have their own complaints procedure in place.

Schools can expect other service providers to follow similar procedures to those outlined in this document. If a complaint about something for which the school is not responsible comes to the school, the complaint should be redirected and the complainant informed without delay.

Can parents take their complaint further?

Parents cannot take their appeal further than the governing body. The Local Authority cannot investigate school matters on a parent's behalf nor can it review how the school has dealt with a complaint. If a parent feels that the school has acted unreasonably or not followed the correct procedures, they can write to the Secretary of State for Education and Skills, Department for Education and Skills, Sanctuary Buildings, Great Smith Street, London, SW1 P 3BT.

Using the Complaints Procedure

The resolution of a complaint can be an opportunity for the school to improve its practice and develop further a strong partnership with parents.

The complaints procedure should be easily accessible and well publicised, so that parents know how to raise concerns.

It is desirable for any complaint to be addressed by a member of staff at a level closest to the cause of concern.

Procedures should be as speedy as possible and ensure fairness to all involved. Suggested time-scales are provided in the model for schools to adopt or adapt to suit their circumstances (Appendix 1 flow chart).

It should be acknowledged that most complaints are 'genuinely felt' by the complainant.

Confidentiality is important in securing the confidence of all concerned. Conversations and correspondence must be treated with discretion and investigators should be sensitive to the feelings of those involved. Parents need to feel confident that a complaint will not disadvantage their child. However, the parties to a complaint need to be aware that some information may have to be shared in order to carry out a thorough investigation.

If the investigation of a complaint shows that it is justified, then the school should consider how to make amends in an appropriate way.

All complaints should be recorded and monitored to identify issues and allow any lessons to be learned by the school.

Staff and governors in schools should have the opportunity to take part in training or briefing to raise their awareness of the procedures and develop their skills in dealing with people who wish to complain.

Dealing with Complaints — Formal Procedures

The formal procedures will need to be invoked when initial attempts to resolve the issue are unsuccessful and the person raising the concern remains dissatisfied and wishes to take the matter further.

A complaint is distinct from any formal disciplinary procedure. Staff who may be questioned as part of a complaints procedure must be treated fairly and have an opportunity to respond to the issues raised by the complainant. They should be offered support if required to respond to any investigation into a complaint.

If it becomes apparent that the complaint has the potential to be a disciplinary issue it is for the Headteacher or designated senior member of staff or, in the case of the Headteacher, the Chair of Governors or designated governor, to determine whether the disciplinary or capability procedures should be followed. If this is the case, the matter will be dealt with by following the appropriate (disciplinary or capability) procedure and the complainant will be notified that this is the outcome of their complaint, i.e. "The matter has been referred to the appropriate procedure".

Vexatious Complainants

There may be occasions when, despite all stages of procedures having been followed, the complainant remains dissatisfied. If the complaint becomes vexatious (e.g. the complainant tries to re-open the same issue), the Chair of the Governing Body can inform the complainant in writing that the procedure has been exhausted and that the matter is now closed. Please contact your legal advisers for advice if you intend to do this.