# EYFS Meet the Teacher

Mrs Karimi and Miss Brownscombe

## The Early Years Foundation Stage

Children learn and develop at a faster rate from birth to five years old than at any other time in their lives, so their experiences in the early years have a major impact on their future life chances.

The EYFS Seeks to provide:

Quality and Consistency- so every child makes progress and no child gets left behind

A Secure Foundation-careful planning and assessment to meet the needs of every child in our care

Partnership Working- the school and parents and any other bodies who are supporting the best interests of the children

Equality of Opportunity- ensuring every child is included and supported

### How we aim to achieve this:

- Understanding that every child is unique and capable, and supporting them to be resilient, confident and self-assured
- Building positive relationships with every child and supporting them to form positive relationships with others (which is why we heavily focus on the children's personal, social, and emotional development particularly in the first term)
- Creating enabling environments with teaching and support from the adults (looking at the
  individual interests, labelling, making sure resources are at their level so they can be
  independent in their learning)
- Remembering the importance of learning and development- every child learns and develops at different rates

## Learning through play/ 'Choosing time'

Play underpins the EYFS. It also underpins learning and all aspects of children's development.

Through play children are able to develop their: language skills, emotions, creativity, and social skills. For most children their play is natural and spontaneous although some children may need extra help from adults.

Play takes place at St. Mary's both indoors and outdoors and it is in these different environments that the children explore and discover their immediate world. It is here they practise new ideas and skills, they take risks, show imagination and solve problems on their own or with others. Our role as practitioners is crucial in this, to provide time, space and appropriate resources for this play to take place.

Although a lot of the play is led by the children, it is important to note that the environment is set up for a purpose to ensure that children are learning through play across the curriculum (for example: currently we have a 'doctor's surgery' where the children use coins to pay for their treatment (maths) and learn more about people who help us (understanding the world).

## Our topics this year

	Autumn	Autumn	Spring	Spring	Summer	Summer
	1	2	1	2	1	2
2024	All About	Let's	People	Transport	Traditional	Animals and
-	Us	Celebrate!	Who Help	and Travel	Tales and	Habitats
2025			Us		Fairytales	

We also have other areas we focus on throughout the year based on the children's interests and events taking place (for example: Saint's days, Book week etc.)

## Religious Education- The Way, the Truth and the Life

As a Catholic School, R.E is at the heart of our Curriculum and is 10% of our teaching timetable. We use the scheme 'The Way, The Truth and The Life' and have daily Prayer, Collective Worships and R.E lessons every week.

#### God's World (example of objectives for this half-term)

To understand that God loves and cares for each one of us and reflect on this.

To hear about and respond to the things God created for us.

To recognise that God has asked us to care for the world and to think of ways in which we can help to do this.

To understand that God made each one of us different and special and reflect on this.

## The Early Years Curriculum

There are seven areas of learning and development. All areas of learning and development are important and inter-connected.

The Three prime areas are particularly important for learning and forming relationships.

They build a foundation for children to thrive and provide the basis for learning in all areas.

These are the prime areas:

- Communication and language (Listening, Attention, Understanding and Speaking)
- Physical development (Gross Motor Skills, Fine Motor Skills)
- Personal, social and emotional development (Self-Regulation, Managing Self, Building Relationships)

The specific areas are:

- Literacy (Comprehension, Word Reading and Writing)
- Mathematics (Number, Numerical Patterns)
- Understanding the world (Past and Present, People, Culture and Communities)

## Personal, Social and Emotional Development

In the first term we spend a lot of time supporting the children to develop their personal, social and emotional skills so that they are confident within the school environment, build positive relationships with others and feel safe.

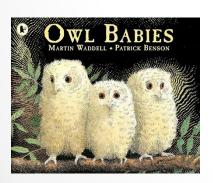
Ways that we can support the children:

- -Encouraging them to identify and express their emotions regularly
- Modelling positive behaviour (kindness, empathy, patience)
- Praising positive social interactions (sharing, taking turns, waiting their turn)
- Encouraging independence
- Supporting problem solving (encouraging them to have a go' by themselves)
- Promote a growth mindset (encouraging them to try new things and celebrate effort, not just success to help them to build resilience)
- Provide opportunities for group activities to practise their social skills and to be mindful of others and their needs

#### Books to support children's personal, social and emotional

#### development

- Tom Percival-Ruby's Worry, Ravi's Roar, Tilda Tries Again, Meesha Makes Friends,
   Perfectly Norman, Milo's Monster
- Sophy Henn- Super Duper You
- Rachel Bright, Jim Field- The Squirrels Who Squabbled, The Lion Inside
- Anna Llenas- The Colour Monster, The Colour Monster goes to School
- Martin Waddell- Owl Babies







## Independence

#### Independence plays a crucial role in the Early Years Curriculum

- Looking after their own belongings (please ensure all items are clearly labelled)
- Toileting
- Hand washing
- Dressing/undressing (for example: putting their own coat on and zipping it up)
- Practise using cutlery
- 'Having a go' at trying something new before asking for help
- Tidying up
- Learning to resolve conflicts

## Reading

In the Early Years we provide plenty of opportunities for the children to be exposed to a wide variety of books, nursery rhymes and songs and for them to partake in many phonics activities and games. We believe this is of great importance as it prepares the children to be readers who will have a love for reading.

Phase One/ Firm Foundation Phonics (7 aspects)- Nursery These aspects are all 'dipped into' throughout the year, rather than teaching them at particular times in the year (with exception to Oral Blending and Segmenting which is taught later in the year)

- Environmental sounds
- Instrumental sounds
- Body percussion
- Rhythm and rhyme
- Alliteration
- Voice sounds
- Oral blending and segmenting

#### Reading at home

- Creates interest in books and reading print
- Gives apportunities for the children to use their imaginations
- Develops a love for reading
- If children see you reading as a source of pleasure it will motivate them to value reading too



#### Reception Reading Workshop- Wednesday 6th November (2:45pm-3:10pm)

#### Phase two and three phonics

- Initial sounds
- Blending sounds together-cvc
- Segmenting sounds-cvc
- Tricky words
- Reading simple sentences
- Talking about and showing understanding of what they have read or of what had been read to them.

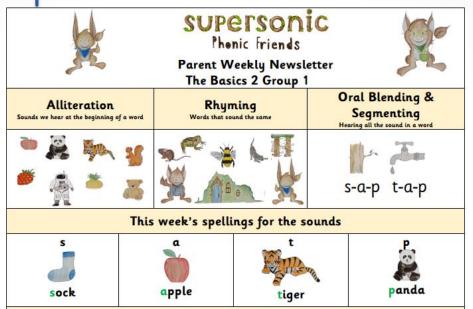
#### Reading Books

After the half-term (unless you have received any information from me separately), your child will have a reading day at school. On this day they will read with a member of staff and this is also the day that their book will be changed on a weekly basis. It is really important that both their reading record and their reading book is brought in on their reading day every week so we can ensure that every child is read with and that they are having their books changed regularly. We advise that you read with your child on a daily basis (little and often) and to please write a short comment in your child's reading record to let us know how they are getting on with their reading and if there is anything they need a little bit of extra support with.

If your child is fired or you are finding it difficult to motivate them to read, we recommend you reading to them or engaging in shared reading (you read a word/page, and then they have a turn).

On the front of your child's reading record will be their reading day, so please just look out for this in their book bag (I will post on Dojo when we start to hand them out).

## Supersonic Phonic Friends



We are using a Phonics programme called Supersonic Phonic Friends.

When the children start to learn their sounds (in Reception), there is a weekly parent newsletter that I will upload to our class page on the school website to let you know which sounds your child has been working on that week. Please note: We teach the children letter sounds first, not letter names. If you are unsure of how to say the sounds when you are supporting your child at home there is a video on our school website. Highlights- A Guide Through the Six Phases of Phonics (by Mrs Norris — Literacy Lead).

## Writing-Nursery

- We will be encouraging the children to give meaning to their marks.
- Use different kinds of marks for 'writing' and for drawing/painting.
- Encouraging and modelling to the children how to write some letters correctly, for example letters from their own name.

## Writing-Reception

#### There will be a writing workshop in the Spring Term.

- Whilst the children are learning their basic phonics (initial sounds) we will encourage them to use this in their independent play (shopping lists, doctors forms).
- This will then progress to the children writing words and then simple sentences.
- We encourage children to use their phonics so we do not expect children to spell things 'correctly', although there are some words which this does not apply to (tricky words).
- We will be supporting the children to form lower case and capital letters of learnt sounds correctly using our handwriting scheme Kinetic Letters.
- At home please encourage your child to write for a purpose (for example: cards, letters, labels, lists).

#### Introduction to Phonics

The way children are taught to read, write and spell in schools today is called phonics or sometimes 'letters and sounds.' This guide tells you about some of the terms you may hear teachers use when talking about phonics or how your child is making progress in Literacy. There are also some top tips to help your child with phonics at home.

Word	What Does It Mean?		
blend	Saying the individual sounds that make up a word and then merging or blending the sounds together to say the word – used when reading.		
consonant	Most letters of the alphabet (excluding the vowels: a,e,i,o,u).		
CVC words	Abbreviation used for consonant-vowel-consonant words, used to describe the order of sounds. Some examples of CVC words are: cat, pen, top, chat (because ch makes one sound).  Other similar abbreviations include:  • VC words e.g. on, is, it.  • CCVC words e.g. trap and black.  • CVCC words e.g. milk and fast.		
digraph	<ul> <li>Two letters which together make one sound e.g. ee, oa, ea, ch, ay.</li> <li>There are different types of digraph: <ul> <li>Vowel digraph: a digraph in which at least one of the letters is a vowel, for example; boat or day.</li> <li>Consonant digraph: two consonants which can go together, for example shop or thin.</li> <li>Split digraph (previously called magic e): two letters, which work as a pair to make one sound, but are separated within the word e.g. a-e, e-e, i-e, o-e, u-e. For example cake or pine.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
grapheme	Written letters or a group of letters which represent one single sound (phoneme) e.g. a, l, sh, air, ck.		

## Mathematics

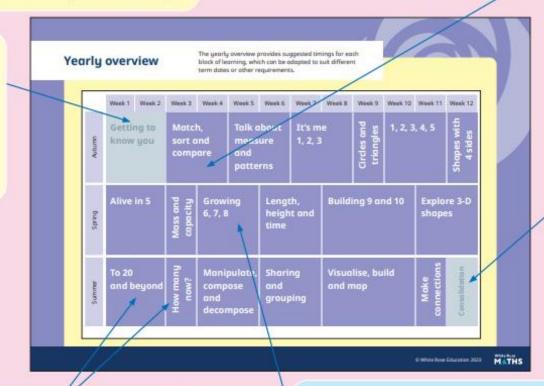
As a school we use the White Rose Maths Scheme of work. This covers the DfE statutory framework for the EYFS and Educational Programme for Mathematics. It supports the EYFS ethos (practical, hands-on learning) and allows for key mathematical concepts to be revisited throughout the year. More information is provided on our class Curriculum letter about what the children are covering this term, and we will upload pictures to the Class Dojo of what the children are up to.

Our classroom environment is also set up to encourage the children to engage in independent mathematics activities (such as lunch time tally charts, buying and selling in our role-play areas, water and sand play for capacity etc.)

#### Yearly overview

Overview with suggested weekly timings. Block titles are clear and show progress through number and spatial reasoning. Early blocks focus on use of provision to support key early maths and routines.

The first 2 weeks are for you to get to know children, develop routines and give you the flexibility to complete baseline assessments.



Consolidation
weeks allow for a
degree of flexibility
in the suggested
block lengths or to
consolidate learning
based on the needs
of your children.

Content is consolidated so all concepts are explicitly taught before assessment for ELG.

Subitising is taught both perceptually and conceptually through the blocks. Concepts such as doubling and 1 more / 1 less is focused on in the progression of the numbers.

#### **Activities and symbols**

An activity introduced by a reading from a fiction or non-fiction book.



Show children the illustrations from pages 1, 2 and 3 of the story Anno's Counting Book by Mitsumasa Anno.

Encourage them to look at the pictures and identify where they can see the different representations of 1, 2 and 3

Where do they see each representation?

How do they see it?

An activity which includes a rhume or musical instrument.



Have a pile of beanbags.

Beat a drum either 1, 2 or 3 times.





Children listen carefully and count out 1, 2 or 3 beanbags from a larger group to match the number of beats.

A suggested daily routine to be supported by a teacher.



#### Daily routine

When lining up in the day, ask children to join the line depending on different attributes, for example, line up if you have a sister.

An outside activity or one that uses resources from nature.



Go outside and model how to make simple large-scale patterns, such as stick, leaf, stick, leaf, stick, leaf.









Support children to copy the patterns and see if they can continue them. Encourage children to use loose parts to make simple patterns for a partner to copy and continue.

An activitu that has accompanying teaching slides to support adult-led learning as part of a premium subscription.



Prepare a set of dot plates or number cards which have 1, 2 or 3 dots in different arrangements.











Hold up the dot plates and ask the children how many dots.

Can children show the correct number of fingers?

Ask children if they can match the numerals 1, 2 and 3 to the dot plates.

A digging deeper activity to deepen children's understanding is provided for each small step.



Wrap up a range of boxes, each with a different mass.

Ensure that some of the small boxes are heavy and some of the large boxes are light.

Pick up a box and ask children to predict if it will be heavy or light.

Ask them to test their predictions using a balance scale.

Are all small boxes light?





### Observations and Assessment

- Assessment in the EYFS is different to the rest of the school as it in mainly based on interactions with the children (instead of workbooks, paper evidence, tests etc.). We have on-going 'assessments' throughout the year through our conversations, and interactions which shape the teaching and learning. We do have learning journals for each child which is mainly used to monitor their writing progression and for any 'wow moments'.
- Three times a year we will look at where we think the children are in terms of the curriculum and the 'age related expectation' which we will pass on to you at parents evening and will also be in their end of year report. This is so we can feedback on their progress and so you know what they are working on and what their next steps are.
- Reception Baseline Assessment (A short Government assessment which provides a starting point for a progress measure that will help parents to understand the progress that their child has made between Reception and Year 6)
- <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/reception-baseline-assessment-information-for-parents/reception-baseline-assessment-information-for-parents">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/reception-baseline-assessment-information-for-parents</a>

## General information and reminders

- P.E is on a Tuesday for Nursery children and a Tuesday and Wednesday for Reception children. On this day the children come into school in their P.E kit and remain in their kit all day.
- If you haven't done so already, please ensure that your child has a spare change of clothes (labelled) that can be left on their peg in case of any accidents or messy play.
- If you have a quick query or question please feel free to talk to us at the beginning or end of the day as long as all children are inside (morning)/dismissed (afternoon) safely. If it is something that will require some more time, please email via the school office to arrange a meeting. office@stmarys.hounslow.sch.uk
- Please keep up to date with our class dojo (even if you do not want your child to be photographed) as I do use it to send updates and reminders

## Parent Partnerships and WOW Moments

- We recognise you as your child's first and foremost educator, therefore we see the importance working together and building parent-teacher partnerships.
- We value the knowledge and understanding that you have of your child, so please share any significant milestones, interests or skills with us as they continue to develop.
- These moments that are captured outside of the school environment also help us to plan for the next steps in their learning journey which enable us to provide a rich and stimulating environment that challenges your child and takes their learning forward.
- It is also a lovely opportunity for us to celebrate your child's achievements within the school environment.
- There is a WOW moment sheet that can be found on our class pages on the school website or you can email us a picture with a message that we can print off in school.

## Thank you for coming!

We look forward to working in partnership with you this year.