

# Welcome

# Supporting your child through their GCSE exams

Sam Bark - Assistant Principle

## Year II Parent and student information evening



## Objectives of this session:

To outline the advice, support and guidance provided to students. To highlight the essential role of parents and gradians

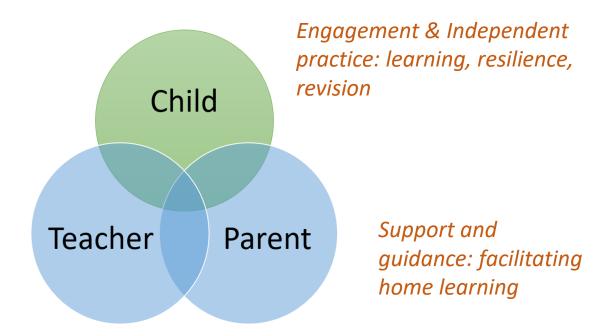
- I. Wellbeing and planning
- 2. Revision Strategy
- 3. Revision Support
- 4. Revision Techniques
- 5. Frequently ask Question and Answers

#### Year II Parent and student information evening



Schooling is a partnership between...

*Academic content:* Teaching the essential skills and knowledge.



...we all play an invaluable role in a successful education

### Year II Parent and student information evening



"Parental support for home learning can promote the self-regulation in children necessary to achieve academic goals including:

goal-setting,

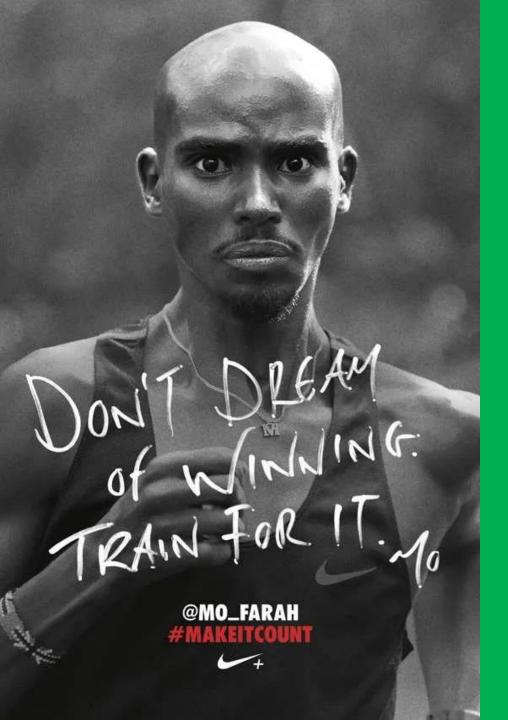
planning,

perseverance

management of time, materials, attentiveness, and emotions

It is this support— rather than direct involvement in the academic content — that parents can most usefully promote"





GCSE studies are an endurance event; and, success is never attributed to the sprint at the end

There is no student in yr11 who wants to do badly, but even the most able will need support and encouragement

Help support us in ensuring that your child 'stays the distance' and goes that extra mile...

# Wellbeing and planning...

## The importance of wellbeing



In these sessions with students we've shared:

- Tips on how to develop tools to ensure that they are looking after their mental health and well-being
- Grounding techniques, which we also practiced, that students may want to use if they begin to feel overwhelmed
  - Square breathing: inhale 4 sec, hold 4 sec, exhale 4sec, hold 4 secs
  - Going through senses: 5 things you can see, 4 you can touch, 3 hear, 2 smell, 1 taste
- Managing pressure
- Having a balance between working hard but also having an opportunity to see friends,/family exercise...
- Managing use of social media/gaming during times when students are meant to be revising.

#### Here are 5 tips on how to revise and stay mentally healthy throughout your exa



#### Find a balance

Find a balance between revising and spending time doing the things you enjoy. Constantly revising without a break can make you feel emotionally and physically drained, so it's crucial that you take time to step back and do something that you enjoy. Whether it's a hobby, or getting some rest, it can help you to recharge. It also lets your brain digest what you've just revised, instead of cramming lots of information in at once.

#### **Stay in touch with friends**

Another thing that might support your mental health while revising, is staying in regular contact with your friends. Some people find that talking to friends about revision and the anxiety of what's to come, reminds them that they are not alone. Often your friends are feeling the same nervous feelings, which are completely normal to have when preparing for exams.

#### **Be organised**

It is important to set a plan of what you need to revise. Try creating a plan of what you need to do, or put each subject in order of what you need to revise first, to eliminate some of the stress that can cloud your mind. Being organised can help you approach your revision in a manageable way, and helps if you find yourself crumbling under stress.

#### Separate where you rest and revise

Some people find it is a mistake to blend the places where they have revise and where they rest. Some students who do a lot of revision in their bedroom, find it hard to get away from revision when they want to rest or sleep. This can lead some students to feel that instead of resting when they need to, they are anxious about not using this time to revise. Some people therefore try their dining table instead. This helped them to escape when they walked into the private space of their bedroom, and they no longer felt guilty for not revising.

#### Set up joint study sessions

Even though it's a good idea to separate your social life and study life, However, some people have reported to finding that it really helped them was setting up joint study session, with their friends to all revise together. They found it was more relaxing and enjoyed revising instead of getting anxious about it. It also meant they could get help and support from their friends. It's a great way to give you a confidence boost!

## Wellbeing – Being prepared



## One of the best ways to minimise stress and anxiety is to be prepared...

#### Different ways of planning revision

- Students can **create revision timetables** weekly for those weeks where they are at school and daily for periods of time such as holidays and when their exams have started: examples of these during their revision sessions at college.
- Students need to **plan to revisit topics** in their revision, not just to cover something once. This will help them to commit knowledge to their **long term memory**.
- Some students may find it helpful to keep track of how long they are spending on revising each subject.
- One way that you could **provide support** in this is by getting involved in **celebrating when students have achieved one of their revision goals.** A simple tracker, like the revision thermometers (in your parent guide), coupled with motivational rewards (nothing fancy or expensive maybe a nice hot chocolate or a favourite snack) could really help your child to achieve their interim revision goals.

## Wellbeing – Planning Revision



## How much revision should students be engaging with in advance of GCSEs?

The amount of time needed for effective revision is different for different students and different subjects. And, will clearly be impacted by how much of the subject knowledge a student can already recall.

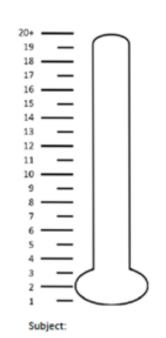
Some students may find it helpful to keep track of how long they are spending on revising each subject. Some studies suggest that students covering **15-30 hours of revision per subject** will help them be successful.

**Study recommendations suggest: 2 - 5 hours a day** - chunked into 20 - 30 minute blocks

Regular breaks: Work in the mornings and early afternoon

Regular focused sessions are more effective than Cramming!

**Balance** is Required!



## How to make a revision timetable...



## This is the advice we will be giving on creating a revision timetable...

**Step I** – Fill in all your extracurricular activities to make your revision timetable manageable

**Step 2** – List your subjects

**Step 3** – Fill in the timetable above with the subjects from your list and make sure that there is even time given to each subject

- **Step 4** Make sure you have split your subject up into topics/units and suitable time slots (25 minutes and 5 minute breaks)
- **Step 5** Make time to do something you enjoy at the weekends
- **Step 6** Remember that Easter and May half term are for rest but are also a great opportunity for you to get ahead with more revision. Spend this year prioritising your education

Successful Considerate Hard-working Our best self Leaders Aspirational

Resilient



## Session 3: Practical Revision Planning

Revision timetable 17-21st April

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Subject I							
25 mins							
Subject 2							
25 mins							
Subject 3							
25 mins							
Subject 4							
25 mins							

'putting effort into preparation for exams, we can help to reduce the pressure that we feel and stop this pressure from turning into stress.'

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Extract from student exam preparation guid...

## Wellbeing – Planning Revision



## Apps to help with revision planning

These apps are designed to help student plan their revision.

Revision Timetable Maker / Study Planner (getrevising.co.uk)

<u>Adapt Revision Timetable | GCSE & A Level revision planning and assessment (getadapt.co.uk)</u>

• There are plenty more out there to investigate but be wary of those where inputting information and planning a revision timetable takes longer than the actual revision!

# **Revision strategy**

## Revision Strategy for students



## So what does an effective revision strategy look like?

**1. Start revising early!!** — i.e. months, not days before the exam.

#### 2. Plan your revision using a timetable

Planning out your revision means you can spend more time revising and less time worrying you've forgotten something.

- 3. Set up a nice, tidy study space. good light free form family distractions
- 4. Vary your revision with different activities Try a variety of different revision techniques — answering practice questions, writing down notes from memory, and using Revision Guides, Flash Cards, Exam Practice Workbooks etc.
- 5. Don't spend ages making your revision notes look pretty



## **Revision Strategy**



- 5. Set aside time to do fun things, don't turn into a revision zombie - This'll help you stay motivated, relax, and allow you to keep up with your favourite hobbies and friends. Balance
- 6. Keep your phone and other distractions away.

Phones are great, but they're a one-stop shop for procrastination. Heed our warnings and stick it in a drawer while you're revising.

7. Review / test your work regularly - Don't just read your notes

You have to WRITE STUFF DOWN. This is really basic "how to revise" stuff. Make sure your learning is **active**, try past paper questions and assess your answers

**8. Sleep and eat properly -** your brain requires fuel and time to store new information



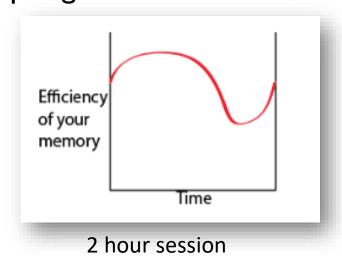
## The importance of regular breaks

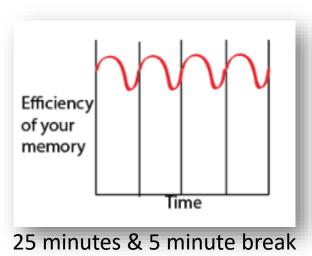


Multiple reliable studies show that the human brain works better in short **chunks** of time rather than trying to stay focussed for long sessions.

The graph for 2 hour sessions is if you were able to not be **distracted** for a whole two hour period – we all know that would be pretty difficult in itself!

A 2 hour study sessions should be split in to **25- minute chunks – with a 5 minute timed break**. Find a distraction in those 5 minutes – send a couple of dog filter snapchats for example, get some fresh air, or catch up on the football scores.





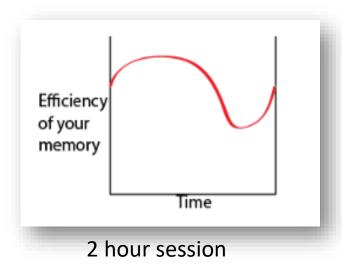
### Revision advice for students

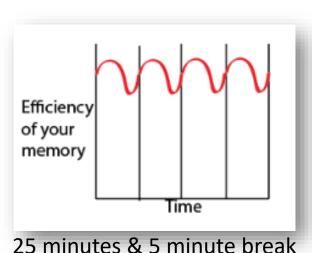


## Each 25 minute session should have a goal:

Don't just say 'I'm going to revise Science' – that doesn't really mean much. You need to identify a topic or unit and have a goal to complete it, or to be able to answer an exam question on it.

e.g. I am going to review my flash cards on ionic bonding, complete a past paper question, then self assess my repose.

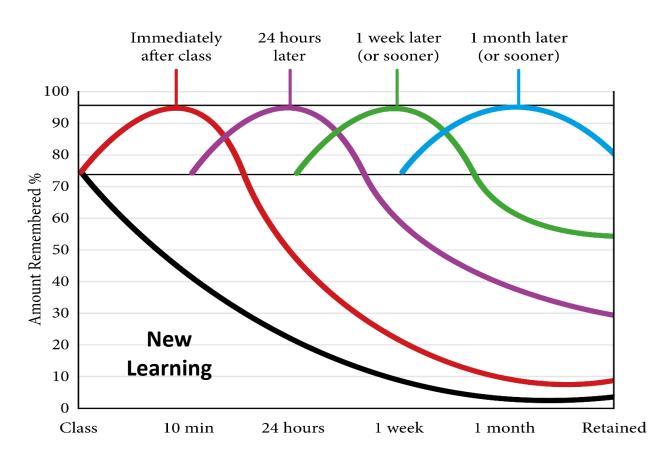




## Spaced practice and the forgetting curve



## Why is spaced learning practice so important to long term memory?



We need to plan 'Spaced Practice' into our revision:

This means reviewing revision/learning for different topics at optimum intervals.

Continual revision over time, will ensure students remember more and forget less!

# **Revision Support**

## School support @KCC



## What support have are we providing in the preparation for exams?

Year II Tutorial programme including sessions on:

Mindset and organisation

**Flashcards** 

Cumulative quizzing

Blind mind mapping

- Revision and Wellbeing techniques: student guide
- 100 day plan subject specific guidance for independent revision
- Power Hour Sessions after college + Period Zero sessions during tutor.
- Subject specific revision lists for PPEs

#### To come:

- Yrll Exam preparation and guidance seminar opportunity to create revision plans / reflect on PPE2 attainment / revision best practice reminder
- Core PE optional independent study

## Student support at home?

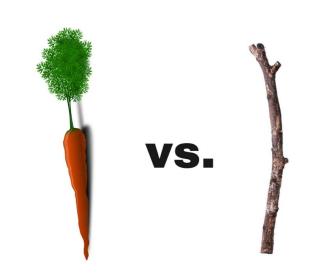
**Sleep** – sometimes considered to be the single most important factor to wellbeing

**Nutrition** – a good breakfast, nutritious food and plenty of water

**Relaxation** – after school activities, exercise, walking and mindfulness apps

Goal setting – setting achievable short and long term goals. Help with planning. Facilitating and prompting your child to engage with their revision plan / assisting them in planning.

**Listening** – being there to listen to any concerns that your child might have and letting us know if your child needs more support.



## What are the best revision techniques?

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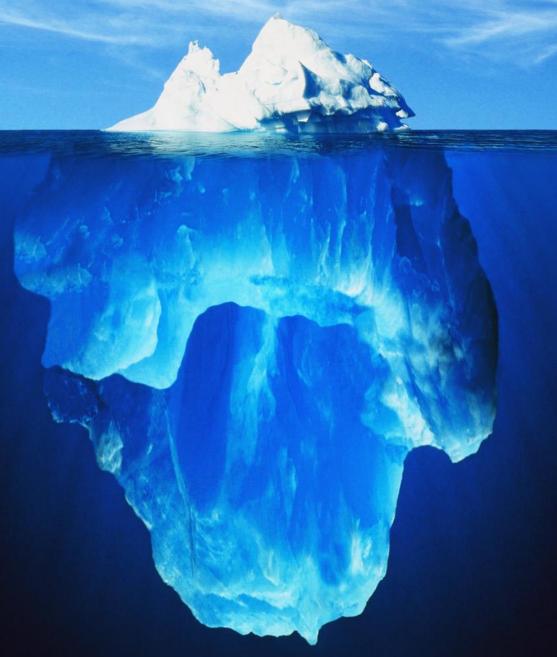
Technique	Effectiveness	Description of Technique	
Practice Testing	High	Self-testing or using past-exam questions while learning	
Distributed practice	High	Developing a schedule of revisions / learning activities over time.	
Elaborative Interrogation	Moderate	Thinking about 'why' you have answered a question or creating an explanation for a response.	
Self-explanation	Moderate	Linking new information to known information or use applied questions (problem based learning).	
Interleaved Practice	Moderate	Developing a schedule that mixes different techniques during a period of study.	
Summarisation	Low	Writing summaries of concepts / area of study.	
Highlighting	Low	The use of highlighters or underlining while read / rereading.	
Keyword Mnemonic	Low	Use of key terms / acronyms / images to associate with concepts to be learned.	
Imagery Low		Attempting to form mental images of materials whi reading.	
Rereading	Low	Revisiting text that has already been read.	

Most effective revision strategies are 'Active' strategies

Table 1: Learning techniques and their effectiveness adapted from Dunlosky et al (2013) pg 6.

- 100 Day plan
- Period Zero
- Power hour
- Home learning

Planned
Independent
self directed
revision



Success with examinations is an iceberg -

What can be achieved at school is just the tip

Real success comes from independent study...

# **Revision Techniques**

## What are the best revision techniques?



We have taught the students and continue to champion the most effective revision techniques, as highlighted by the Education Endowment Foundation, in order to maximise their learning and retention of knowledge.

#### These are:

- **Cumulative quizzing**
- Blind mind mapping
- Flash cards

Most popular and one you can get involved with most helpfully



All are featured in your guide...

## Flash cards



## WHY SHOULD I USE FLASHCARDS?



## Is it useful to test myself using flashcards?

**Yes**. By breaking up a topic into smaller amounts of information, testing yourself will be more manageable. Furthermore, by putting a question or key idea on one side of the card and trying to remember the answer or explanation on the back, you will strengthen your memory of the things you're trying to learn.



# Why not just read the information? Isn't it pointless to make things harder for myself?

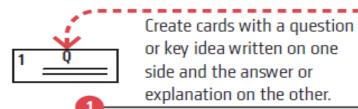
**No**. Scientists studying the brain have shown that when it comes to remembering, a healthy amount of struggle is good for us. Digging deep trying to remember answers or explanations, especially when this feels a little challenging, will increase your chance of remembering it. What's more, by changing the order in which you attempt the cards, you make your brain work in a tougher but more flexible way. This will help you to recognise more quickly how best to answer questions in a test. By taking revision cards out of the stack when you have proven to yourself they've been learnt, you will leave yourself with the cards you find most difficult. This will allow you to focus on what you still need to learn. But remember, it's important to add the learnt cards back into the stack from time to time to refresh your memory.



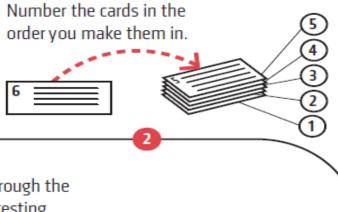
## Flash cards

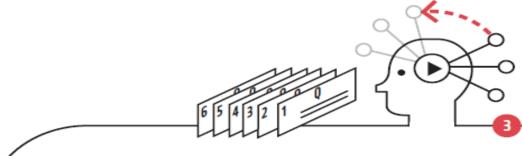


## **HOW SHOULD I USE FLASHCARDS?**





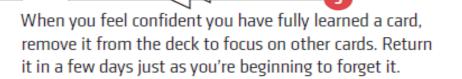




Run through the cards, testing yourself on the answers / explanations.



When you feel more confident, shuffle the deck to change the order you test yourself in. Having numbered them, you'll be able to put them back in order later.



# Frequently Asked Question & Answers?



#### When will I be allowed on study leave?

Research tells us that students learn best when they have a subject specialist teaching them and so we will be teaching year II throughout the exam series to maximise their opportunities for support from our professionals:

- Students will be expected to attend school as usual until Friday the 23<sup>rd</sup> of May.
- After HT Students are expected to attend school (full uniform) for all Exams and a program of planned revision sessions to be announced.
- Where a student has no exam or planned revision session, they will be permitted to go home MS 'consent to leave site' form will be shared with parents/carers closer to the time...



#### When will I get my exam timetables?

A provisional time table has been attached to both the student your parent booklet.

We will issue student personalised exam timetables next week - entry checking.

- Reissued after Easter – to include all of their rooming, seating and exam access arrangements on it.

#### Why do we need to hand our phones in?

Students are asked to either, not bring their phone with them to college, or hand it in at the start of exams. This is because if a student is found to be in possession of a mobile phone, even if it doesn't go off, they will be disqualified from that unit or potentially from the whole subject.



#### What equipment should my child have, can it be borrowed?

Students must be fully equipped for all examinations which should include pens, pencils, a ruler, protractor and calculator. Whilst some spares are available we cannot guarantee their availability.

#### What time should students arrive for exam?

We encourage students to arrive 10 minutes before the scheduled start of exams. This provides time or us to load the hall and read essentially messages in advance of the scheduled start time. Late arrivals can disrupt the start of examinations and cause unnecessary stress to other candidates.

'If you're on time you are already late...'

#### My child has a toilet pass for medical reasons, can this be used during the exam?

Yes absolutely.

This being said we generally discourage students from going to the toilet during the exam and will not permit students to go to the toilet in the first or last half an hour of an exam due to the disruption it can cause.



Resilient



#### What happens if my daughter experiences illness and misses an examination?

JCQ guidance on the special consideration process can be found at www.jcq.org.uk.

It is still possible to receive a grade as long as the student has completed 25% of the total assessment.

However, the absence must be for a 'valid' reason e.g. serious illness, bereavement of immediate family member.



#### Why can't my son wear his apple watch in the exam it's the only watch he has?

**JCQ** (joint council for qualifications) has strict guidelines that as a centre we must follow. The following are all classed as prohibited items:

Erasable or correction pens.

**Glasses cases** 

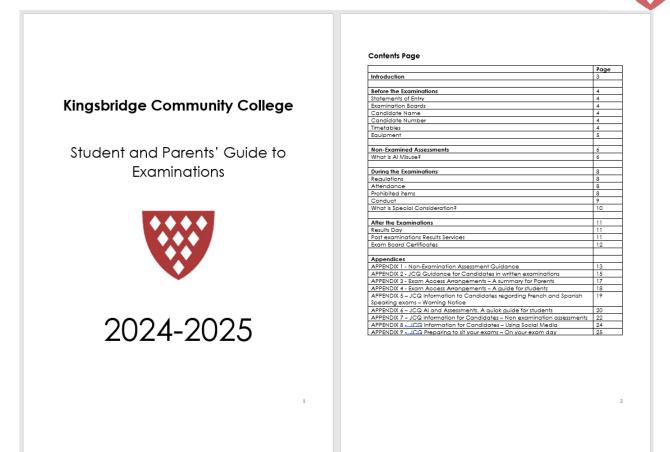
**Apple Watches/smartwatches** are strictly prohibited. <u>All</u> other watches digital or analogue must be taken off and left in students' bags.

**Mobile phones** If a mobile phone (or any other type of electronic communication or storage device) is found in a students' possession during an examination (even if it is turned off) it will be taken from students and a report made to the appropriate examination board who may issue a penalty. No exceptions can be made.

AirPods or earphones/earbuds.

**Smart Glasses** 





Further information on Examinations can be found on our website or the JCQ website...

Joint Council for

Qualifications



# Thank you If you have any questions please stay, or email

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