



Welcome to Reception

Early Years Foundation Stage







Monday 2nd October 2023 Mrs Loquens

The Reception Team

Mrs Loquens

Class Teacher

Miss Barrett

Teaching Assistant

Mrs Nicholds-Trainor

Teacher Cover Monday

Miss Singleton

Teaching Assistant

The EYFS

Early Years Foundation Stage Framework

- 7 areas: High focus on 3 prime areas: Personal, social and emotional development, communication and language, physical development
- Includes: Self-care skills, independence, confidence, friendships, conflict resolution, feelings and emotions, gross and fine motor skills, getting ready for school

Early Learning Goals

Area of Learning	Aspect	Early Learning Goals	
Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Self-Regulation	Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.	
		 Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. 	
		 Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. 	
	Managing Self	Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.	
		 Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. 	
		 Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. 	
	Building Relationships	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.	
		Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.	
		Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.	

	Listening, Attention and Understanding	 Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
Communication and Language	Speaking	Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

Gross Motor Skills	 Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.
Fine Motor Skills	Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

		Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.				
Comprehension • Anticipate (where appropriate			ropriate) key events in st	tories.		
		Use and understand I discussions about st role play.			Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number.	
		Say a sound for each		Number	Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.	
Literacy	Word Reading	Read words consiste sound-blending.		Number	Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) and the first term of	
		Read aloud simple se phonic knowledge, in	-		aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.	
		Write recognisable le			 Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the 	
	Writing	Snell words by identif		counting system.		
		Write simple phrases		Numerical	 Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other 	
	Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.		atterns	quantity.		
	Past and Present	Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.			Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be	
		 Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. 			distributed equally.	
		Describe their immediate environment	onment using knowledge from			

Creating

with Materials

Imaginative and Expressive

observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.

Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-

Expressive Arts and Design

and what has been read in class.

fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.

Explore the natural world around them, m

drawing pictures of animals and plants.

Know some similarities and differences b

around them and contrasting environmen

experiences and what has been read in cl

Understand some important processes a

world around them, including the seasons

Culture and

Natural World

the World

The early learning goals (ELGs), summarise the knowledge, skills and understanding that all young children should have gained by the end of their Reception year.

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques,

experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.

narratives and stories.

Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in

Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and

Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.

appropriate) try to move in time with music.

Our Topics and Aims



- Loose themes and topics throughout the year
- Room to follow child led ideas
- Behaviour curriculum

Autumn 1	My Family and Me
Autumn 2	Starry Night
Spring 1	Winter
Spring 2	Life Cycles
Summer 1	On the Farm
Summer 2	Journeys

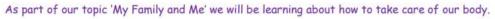
Knowledge Organiser







Autumn 1 Topic



	2	My Family and Me Three Key Questions		
What do we need to do to keep healthy? Vocabulary		Why is exercise important?	What do you need to do to take care of your teeth? Key Texts	
		General Knowledge		
Healthy Eating	Choosing the right foods to help your body to grow.	Questions to ask your child Which foods are healthy?	Soe Rendre Going to the Dentist	
Balanced diet	Eating a wide variety of foods.	Which foods are unhealthy? Can you name some types of exercises?		
Exercise	A way of keeping your body healthy	Why is exercise important?		
	by moving.	What must you do to take care of your teeth? Why is sleep important?	GIDENATO CONTRACTOR	
Teeth	Hard white things in our mouth which	172 Trosers III	VEGGIES ASSEMBLE	
	we use to chew our food.	Activities to do together at home	Lazy Ninja	
Dentist	A lady or man who checks our teeth are well looked after and growing how they should.	Draw a picture of you doing your favourite exercise. Prepare and make a balanced meal together, Sort a variety of foods in your kitchen in to	Why should I brush my teeth?	
Sleep	When your eyes are closed, your body is relaxed and you are lying down.	two groups. Food that are healthy and foods which are unhealthy		
	Resting your body for the next day.	Take up a new form of exercise together. Draw some pictures to show how to look after your teeth.		

Activities carried out at home together can be shared with us using your Tapestry app by adding an observation. Please do share your child's work with us. We love to see how they are getting on at home.

Our Daily Routines



On certain days of the week we also do other activities during the afternoon.

Monday - Multi-skills P.E (with trained sports coaches).

Wednesday - Library

Thursday - Music

Friday – P.E and Worker of the week assembly

Time	Activity
8:50-9:00am	Registration, Lunch orders, Calendar.
9:00-9:10am	Dough Disco (Activity playing with dough to music to strengthen hands ready to write).
9:10-9:35am	Phonics (Learning sounds ready to read).
9:35-10:30am	Learning through play, guided maths/writing groups, intervention and 1:1 reading.
10:30-11:20am	Access to the outdoor and indoor area whilst learning through play.
11:20-11:45am	Talk for writing (A focused story across 2 weeks where the children learn the story so well that they are able to retell it).
11:45-12:00pm	Get ready for lunch.
12:00-1:00pm	Lunch and outside play.
1:00-1:10pm	Registration
1:10-1:30pm	Marvellous Maths (Learning of early maths).
1:30 - 2:40pm	Learning through play, guided maths/writing groups, intervention and 1:1 reading.
2:40-3:00pm	Guided Reading linked to our topic
3:00-3:15pm	Get ready to go home.

How learning might look in Reception?





Lots of learning through play!



Areas of learning overlapping



Open-ended activities to allow children to develop as thinkers



Learning not going as Intended...but great learning nonetheless!



1:1 and small group activities led by an adult



Learning often notrecorded



Whole class teaching



Mess, chaos, noise...engagement!

Behaviour at school



- ✓ Fantastic listening
- ✓ Wonderful walking
- ✓ Be Ready, Be Respectful, Be safe
- ✓ Recognition Board





Phonics and Reading







Phonics Phase 2 Letters and Sounds

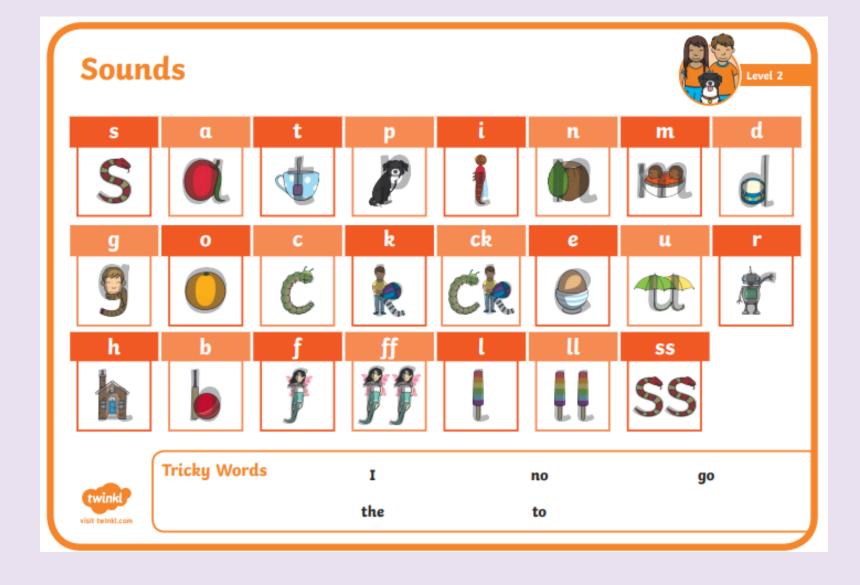
- In Reception, we start learning letters and sounds, once we feel that as a group the children are ready to listen and are secure with their phase 1 phonics.
- We follow 'Twinkl Phonics' and we begin with Phase 2 sounds.
- By the end of Reception, children will have been taught phase 2, 3 and 4.
- If we feel that your child may be struggling with their letters and sounds then we may repeat a phase to make sure they are secure. They will also receive daily intervention on a 1:1 basis.



Phonics Phase 2



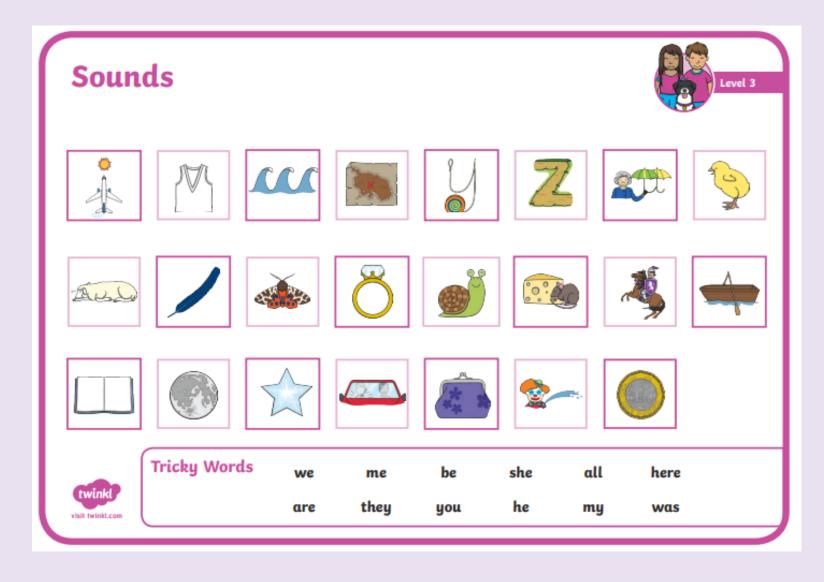
These are the sounds we start with. Children need to know 20 sounds confidently before they move on to read books with words which link to these sounds.





Phonics Phase 3

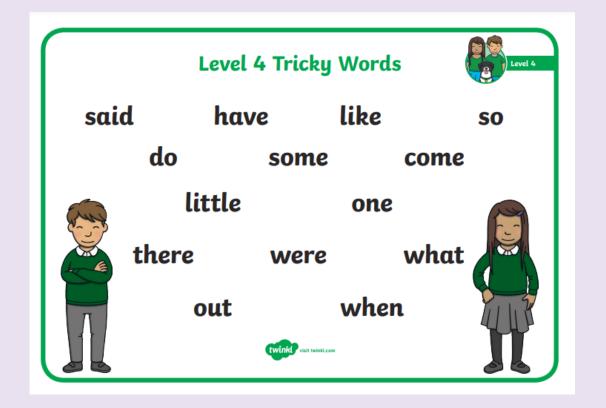
These sounds are taught after Phase 2. These sounds really build on a child's blending skills.





Phonics Phase 4

In Phase 4, children are not taught any new sounds. Instead, they are taught to further manipulate the sounds they have already learnt.



Tricky Words

uinton Primary School

Growing Life Long Learning

- Some of the more common words we use have uncommon spellings and look nothing like they sound.
- We call these 'tricky' words.
- They can only be learnt by sight.
- Children learn a set of words for each Phase.

Phase 2 tricky words- I, to, no, go, the, into.

Phase 3 tricky words – he, she, we, me, be, you, all, are, her, was, they, my.

Phase 4 tricky words – said, have, like, so, do, some, come, little, one, there, were, what, out, when

As we learn each phase, please have the linked tricky words on display for your child to see and learn. They can be found at the bottom of the phase mat.



Learning to Read



Segmenting (Sounding out)

Blending (Putting the sounds together)

$$c-a-t = cat$$

$$ch-i-p = chip$$



Parent Partnership



Tapestry

- Great way to communicate
- Limits time on the door in the morning
- Helps share home and school life
- Parent partnership

Feedback on Learning



- ✓ Interim report Autumn Term
- ✓ Parents' Evening November
- ✓ Interim report Spring Term
- ✓ Parents' Evening Spring Term
- ✓ Reports at the end of the Summer term This is when we will officially report your child's statutory end of 'Early Years Foundation Stage' Learning Goals, in each area of their learning.





Any questions?

