



Newbold Church of England Primary School

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"Therefore encourage one another and build each other up," 1 Thessalonians 5:11

Religious Education Curriculum Map		Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year A	EYFS 1&2	<p>1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live? Part 1 What is precious to Jewish people? What does a mezuzah remind Jewish people about? How and why do Jewish people celebrate Shabbat Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise the words of the Shema as a Jewish prayer. Re-tell simply some stories used in Jewish celebrations (e.g. Chanukah). Give examples of how the stories used in celebrations (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah) remind Jews about what God is like. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of how Jewish people celebrate special times (e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot, Chanukah). Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live. Give an example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways (e.g. mezuzah, on Shabbat). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas. Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too. <p>F2 Why is Christmas special for Christians?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> These units for EYFS explore what Christians believe about Jesus, and the idea that Jesus is God in the flesh. <p>1.3 Why does Christmas Matter to Christians? (Incarnation) Making sense of the text.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians. Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels. <p>Understand the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decide what they personally have to be thankful for at Christmas time. <p><i>Link into Festival Diwali- Story of Rama and Sita (Hindu) Hindu stories about Ganesh and Krishna</i></p>	<p>1.1 What do Christians believe God is like? (God) Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify what a parable is. Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the concept of God as a forgiving Father. Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving; for example, by saying sorry; by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others. Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship; by saying sorry to God, for example. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make connections <p>Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas.</p> <p>1.6 Who is a Muslim and how do we live? Part 1 What do people think about God? What do Muslims think about God? Who was the Prophet Muhammad and why is he important to Muslims? <i>Muslim story of Muhammad and the cats</i> Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims. Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah and give a simple description of what some of them mean. Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them. Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions (e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan). Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living. Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas. Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too. <p><i>Consider revisiting Easter story using an activity from F3 Why is Easter special to Christians?</i></p>	<p>F1 Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? These units for EYFS to explore what Christians believe about God and Creation. In the light of these beliefs, Christians try to live in the way God shows through the Bible.</p> <p>1.2 Who do Christians say made the world? (Creation) Making sense of the text.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2.3 simply. Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give at least one example of what Christians do to say thank you to God for the Creation. <p>Make connections</p> <p>Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world.</p> <p>1.9 How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter? Christianity, Islam, Judaism, Non-Religious <i>Christian story of the ten Lepers</i> Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable. Give an example of a key belief some people find in one of these stories (e.g. that God loves all people). Give a clear, simple account of what Genesis 1 tells Christians and Jews about the natural world. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give an example of how people show that they care for others (e.g. by giving to charity), making a link to one of the stories. Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth. Say why Christians and Jews might look after the natural world. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world. Give good reasons why everyone (religious and non-religious) should care for others and look after the natural world.



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3&4	<p>L2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe how Hindus show their faith within their families in Britain today (e.g. home puja). Describe how Hindus show their faith within their faith communities in Britain today (e.g. arti and bhajans at the mandir; in festivals such as Diwali). Identify some different ways in which Hindus show their faith (e.g. between different communities in Britain, or between Britain and parts of India). <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify the terms dharma, Sanatan Dharma and Hinduism and say what they mean. Make links between Hindu practices and the idea that Hinduism is a whole 'way of life' (dharma). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise questions and suggest answers about what is good about being a Hindu in Britain today, and whether taking part in family and community rituals is a good thing for individuals and society, giving good reasons for their ideas. <p>L2.2 What is like for someone to follow God? [People of God] Making sense of the text Make clear links between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding the Impact Make simple links between promises in the story of Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make links between the story of Noah and how we live in school and the wider world. 	<p>L2.9 How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim? [Ibadah] Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1. Make clear links between beliefs about God and ibadah (e.g. how God is worth worshipping; how Muslims submit to God). <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of ibadah (worship) in Islam (e.g. prayer, fasting, celebrating) and describe what they involve. Make links between Muslim beliefs about God and a range of way sin which Muslims worship (e.g. in prayer and fasting, as a family and as a community, at home and in the mosque). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise questions and suggest answers about the value of submission and self-control to Muslims, and whether there are benefits for people who are not Muslims. Make links between the Muslim idea of living in harmony with the Creator and the need for all people to live in harmony with each other in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas. <p>L2.4 What kind of world did Jesus want? [Gospel] Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify this as part of a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus. Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be 'fishers of people'. Offer suggestions about what Jesus' actions towards the leper might mean for a Christian. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make simple links between Bible texts and the concept of 'Gospel' (good news). Give examples of how Christians try to show love to all, including how members of the clergy follow Jesus' teaching. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make links between the Bible stories studied and the importance of love, and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly. 	<p>L2.13 How do people from religious and non- religious communities celebrate key festivals? Making sense of belief.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and describe some core beliefs, values and stories remembered at festivals. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make simple links between stories, teachings and values behind festivals and how people remember these when celebrating. Describe how people show what is important to them at a festival in how they mark it. Identify some differences in how people within and between different religious and non- religious worldviews celebrate festivals (different approaches to celebrating Christmas) <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise questions and suggest answers about how far beliefs and different practices studied might make a difference to how people think and live. <p>L2.11 How and why do people mark the significant events of life? Christianity, Judaism, Non Religious, Hindu, Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify some beliefs about love, commitment and promises in two religious traditions and describe what they mean. Offer informed suggestions about the meaning and importance of ceremonies of commitment for religious and non-religious people today. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe what happens in ceremonies of commitment (e.g. baptism, sacred thread, marriage) and say what these rituals mean. Make simple links between beliefs about love and commitment and how people in at least two religious traditions live (e.g. through celebrating forgiveness, salvation and freedom at festivals). Identify some differences in how people celebrate commitment (e.g. different practices of marriage, or Christian baptism). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for everyone to see life as a journey, and to mark the milestones. Make links between ideas of love, commitment and promises in religious and non-religious ceremonies. Give good reasons why they think ceremonies of commitment are or are not valuable today. 	
5&6	<p>U2.8 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? [Tawhid/iman/ibadah] Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and explain Muslim beliefs about God, the Prophet and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. Tawhid; Muhammad as the Messenger, Qur'an as the message). Describe ways in which Muslim sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five Pillars; Hajj practices follow example of the Prophet). 	<p>U2.6 For Christians, what kind of king is Jesus? [Kingdom of God] Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain connections between biblical texts and the concept of the Kingdom of God. Consider different possible meanings for the biblical texts studied, showing awareness of different interpretations. 	<p>U2.2 Creation and Science: conflicting or complementary? [Creation] Christianity, Non Religious Making sense of the text.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outline the importance of Creation on the timeline of the 'big story' of the Bible. Identify what type of text some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose. 	



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	<p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make clear connections between Muslim beliefs and ibadah (e.g. Five Pillars, festivals, mosques, art). • Give evidence and examples to show how Muslims put their beliefs into practice in different ways. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make connections between Muslim beliefs studied and Muslim ways of living in Britain/your region today • Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Muslims today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Muslims • Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views. <p>U2.1 What does it mean if Christians believe God is holy and loving? [God]</p> <p>Making sense of the text.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify some different types of biblical texts, using technical terms accurately. • Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God; for example, through how churches are designed. • Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weigh up how biblical ideas and teachings about God as holy and loving might make a difference in the world today, developing insights of their own. <p>U2.3 Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah? [Incarnation]</p> <p>Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible. • Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms. • Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms. <p>Understanding the Impact.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different ways in celebrating Christmas. • Comment on how the idea that Jesus is the Messiah makes sense in the wider story of the Bible. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weigh up how far the idea that Jesus is the Messiah — a Saviour from God — is important in the world today and, if it is true, what difference that might make in people's lives. 	<p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make clear connections between belief in the Kingdom of God and how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways, including in worship and in service to the community. • Make connections • Relate Christian teachings or beliefs about God's Kingdom to the issues, problems and opportunities of their own lives and the life of their own community in the world today, offering insights about whether or not the world could or should learn from Christian ideas. <p>U2.13 What can be done to reduce racism? Can Religion Help?</p> <p>Making sense of belief.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe examples of ways in which people use texts/teachings to make sense of responses to racism and how to approach the challenges it presents. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make clear connections between the challenges racism presents and how people of religious and non-religious worldviews respond to these, both within and beyond their own communities. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interpret case studies of how people holding both religious and non-religious world views have approached racism, reflecting on and articulating lessons people might gain from these. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Taking account of the context, suggest what Genesis 1 might mean, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret it, showing awareness of different interpretations. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make clear connections between Genesis 1 and Christian belief about God as Creator. • Show understanding of why many Christians find science and faith go together. • Make connections • Identify key ideas arising from their study of Genesis 1 and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses. • Weigh up how far the Genesis 1 creation narrative is in conflict, or is complementary, with a scientific account. <p>U2.14 Green religion? What do religious and non-religious worldviews teach about caring for the Earth?</p> <p>Making sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and explain at least three examples of ways in which people from religious and non-religious world views respond to environmental issues. • Describe examples of ways in which people use religious texts/sources of authority to respond to environmental issues. <p>Understanding the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make clear connections between what people from religious and non-religious world views believe about the world and environment and how this impacts on their actions. <p>Making connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reflect on and articulate lessons people might gain from beliefs about the environment and people's responses to environmental issues they have studied, recognising that people may think differently about these. • Consider and weigh up different ideas about and responses to environmental issues and use this reasoning to help articulate personal responses on caring for the world.



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Year B	EYFS 1&2	<p>F4 Being Special: Where do we belong? Christianity, Islam, Judaism, Non Religious</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> re-tell religious stories making connections with personal experiences share and record occasions when things have happened in their lives that made them feel special. recall simply what happens at a traditional Christian infant baptism and dedication. recall simply what happens when a baby is welcomed into a religion other than Christianity. <p>1.10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community? Christianity, Islam, Judaism, Non Religious Make sense of beliefs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that loving others is important in lots of communities. Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish or Muslim welcome ceremony, and suggest what the actions and symbols mean. Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Jewish and non-religious). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities and other communities, responding sensitively to differences. Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas. <p>1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live? Part 2 What stories do Jewish people tell from the Jewish Bible? What does the story of Chanukah make us think about? How do Jewish people think about miracles at Chanukah? <i>Jewish & Christian Stories of David the shepherd boy and Ruth</i> Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise the words of the Shema as a Jewish prayer. Re-tell simply some stories used in Jewish celebrations (e.g. Chanukah). Give examples of how the stories used in celebrations (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah) remind Jews about what God is like. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of how Jewish people celebrate special times (e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot, Chanukah). Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live. Give an example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways (e.g. mezuzah, on Shabbat). <p>Make connections:</p>	<p>1.6 Who is a Muslim and how do they live? Part 2 What can people learn from Muslim holy words? What difference does worshipping God make to Muslims? <i>Muslim story of Muhammad and the boy who threw stones at trees</i> Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims. Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah, and give a simple description of what some of them mean. Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them. Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions (e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan) Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living. Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas. Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too. <p>F3 Why is Easter Special to Christians? These units for EYFS explore what Christians believe about Jesus and the idea that Jesus is their Saviour.</p> <p>1.5 Why does Easter matter to Christians? (Salvation) Making sense of the text.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible. Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people). Recognise that Jesus gives instructions about how to behave. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk and ask questions about whether the story of Easter has anything to say to them about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas. 	<p>F5 What places are special and why? Christianity, Islam, Judaism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talk about somewhere that is special to themselves, saying why. Recognise that some religious people have places which have special meaning for them. Talk about the things that are special and valued in a place of worship. Begin to recognise that for Christians, Muslims or Jews, these special things link to beliefs about God. Get to know and use appropriate words to talk about their thoughts and feelings when visiting a church (or other place of worship) Express a personal response to the natural world. <p>1.8 What makes some places sacred to believers? Christianity, Islam, Judaism, Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that there are special places where people go to worship, and talk about what people do there. Identify at least three objects used in worship in two religions and give a simple account of how they are used and something about what they mean. Identify a belief about worship and a belief about God, connecting these beliefs simply to a place of worship. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of stories, objects, symbols and actions used in churches, mosques and/or synagogues that show what people believe. Give simple examples of how people worship at a church, mosque or synagogue. Talk about why some people like to belong to a sacred building or a community. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk and ask good questions about what happens in a church, synagogue or mosque, saying what they think about these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas. Talk about what makes some places special to people, and what the difference is between religious and non-religious special places. <p>1.4 What is the 'good news' Christians believe Jesus brings? (Gospel) <i>Christian Story of Zacchaeus</i> Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a concept of 'Gospel' or good news. Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible texts (such as the story of Matthew the tax collector) mean to Christians. Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians follow the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace, and bringing good news to the friendless. Give at least two examples of how Christians put these



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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas. • Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too. <p><i>Consider revisiting Christmas story using an activity from F2 Why is Christmas special for Christians?</i></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives (for example: charity, confession). <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Think, talk and ask questions about whether Jesus' 'good news' is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn, exploring different ideas.
3&4	<p>L2.7 What do Hindus believe God is like?</p> <p>Making sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify some Hindu deities and say how they help Hindus describe God. • Make clear links between some stories (e.g. Svetaketu, Ganesh, Diwali) and what Hindus believe about God. • Offer informed suggestions about what Hindu murtis express about God. <p>Understand the impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make simple links between beliefs about God and how Hindus live (e.g. choosing a deity and worshipping at a Home Shrine; celebrating Diwali). • Identify some different ways in which Hindus worship. <p>Make Connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good to think about the cycle of create/preserve/destroy in the world today. • Make links between the Hindu idea of everyone having a 'spark' of God in them and ideas about the value of people in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas. <p>L2.1 What do Christians learn from the creation story? [Creation/Fall]</p> <p>Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Place the concepts of God and Creation on a timeline of the Bible's 'Big Story'. • Make clear links between Genesis 1 and what Christians believe about God and Creation. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe what Christians do because they believe God is Creator. (For example, follow God, wonder at how amazing God's creation is; care for the earth in some specific ways.) <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ask questions and suggest answers about what might be important in the creation story for Christians living today, and for people who are not Christians. 	<p>L2.10 How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people? [God/Torah/People/the Land]</p> <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify some Jewish beliefs about God, sin and forgiveness and describe what they mean. • Make clear links between the story of the Exodus and Jewish beliefs about God and his relationship with the Jewish people. • Offer informed suggestions about the meaning of the Exodus story for Jews today. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make simple links between Jewish beliefs about God and his people and how Jews live (e.g. through celebrating forgiveness, salvation and freedom at festivals). • Describe how Jews show their beliefs through worship in festivals, both at home and in wider communities. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for Jews and everyone else to remember the past and look forward to the future. • Make links with the value of personal reflection, saying sorry, being forgiven, being grateful, seeking freedom and justice in the world today, including pupils' own lives, and giving good reasons for their ideas. <p>L2.5 Why do Christians call the day Jesus dies 'Good Friday'? [Salvation]</p> <p>Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Order Creation and Fall, Incarnation, Gospel and Salvation within a timeline of the Bible's 'big story'. • Offer suggestions for what the texts about the entry into Jerusalem, and the death and resurrection of Jesus might mean. • Give examples of what the texts studied mean to some Christians. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make simple links between the Gospel texts and how Christians mark the Easter events in their church communities. • Describe how Christians show their beliefs about Palm Sunday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday in worship. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make links between some of the stories and teachings in the Bible and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly. 	<p>L 2.12 How and why do people try to make the world a better place? Christianity, Islam, Judaism, Non Religious, Hindu</p> <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify some beliefs about why the world is not always a good place (e.g. Christian ideas of sin). • Make links between religious beliefs and teachings and why people try to live and make the world a better place. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make simple links between teachings about how to live and ways in which people try to make the world a better place (e.g. tikkun olam and the charity Tzedek). • Describe some examples of how people try to live (e.g. individuals and organisations). • Identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into action. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Raise questions and suggest answers about why the world is not always a good place, and what are the best ways of making it better. • Make links between some commands for living from religious traditions, nonreligious worldviews and pupils' own ideas. • Express their own ideas about the best ways to make the world a better place, making links with religious ideas studied, giving good reasons for their views. <p>L2.3 What is the 'Trinity' and why is it important for Christians? [God/Incarnation]</p> <p>Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the difference between a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus, and a letter. • Offer suggestions about what texts about baptism and Trinity might mean. • Give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship (in baptism and prayer, for example) and in the way they live. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity, expressing clearly some ideas of their own about what the God of Christianity is like.



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5&6	<p>U2.7 Why do Hindus want to be good? [Karma/dharma/Samsara/moksha] Making sense of belief</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and explain Hindu beliefs, e.g. dharma, karma, samsara, moksha, using technical terms accurately. Give meanings for the story of the man in the well and explain how it relates to Hindu beliefs about samsara, moksha, etc. <p>Understanding the impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make clear connections between Hindu beliefs about dharma, karma, samsara and moksha and ways in which Hindus live. Connect the four Hindu aims of life and the four stages of life with beliefs about dharma, karma, moksha, etc. Give evidence and examples to show how Hindus put their beliefs into practice in different ways. <p>Making connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make connections between Hindu beliefs studied (e.g. karma and dharma), and explain how and why they are important to Hindus. Reflect on and articulate what impact belief in karma and dharma might have on individuals and the world, recognising different points of view. <p>U2.11 Why do some people believe in God and some people not? Christianity, Non Religious Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define the terms 'theist', 'atheist' and 'agnostic' and give examples of statements that reflect these beliefs. Identify and explain what religious and non-religious people believe about God, saying where they get their ideas from. Give examples of reasons why people do or do not believe in God. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make clear connections between what people believe about God and the impact of this belief on how they live. Give evidence and examples to show how Christians sometimes disagree about what God is like (e.g. some differences in interpreting Genesis). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reflect on and articulate some ways in which believing in God is valuable in the lives of believers, and ways it can be challenging. Consider and weigh up different views on theism, agnosticism and atheism, expressing insights of their own about why people believe in God or not. Make connections between belief and behaviour in their own lives, in the light of their learning. <p>U2.4 How do Christians decide how to live? What would Jesus do? [Gospel] Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify features of Gospel texts (for example, teachings, parable, narrative). Taking account of the context, suggest meanings of Gospel texts studied, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians 	<p>U2.9 Why is the Torah so important to Jewish people? [God/Torah] Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and explain Jewish beliefs about God. Give examples of some texts that say what God is like and explain how Jewish people interpret them. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make clear connections between Jewish beliefs about the Torah and how Jews use and treat it. Make clear connections between Jewish commandments and how Jews live (e.g. in relation to kosher laws). Give evidence and examples to show how Jewish people put their beliefs into practice in different ways (e.g. some differences between Orthodox and Progressive Jewish practice). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make connections between Jewish beliefs studied and explain how and why they are important to Jewish people today. Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. tradition, ritual, community, study and worship in the lives of Jews today, and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Jewish. <p>What difference does the Resurrection make for Christians? [Salvation] Making sense of the text</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outline the timeline of the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining the place within it of the ideas of Incarnation and Salvation. Suggest meanings for resurrection accounts, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret these texts, showing awareness of the centrality of the Christian belief in Resurrection. Explain connections between Luke 24 and the Christian concepts of Sacrifice, Resurrection, Salvation, Incarnation and Hope, using theological terms. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make clear connections between Christian belief in the Resurrection and how Christians worship on Good Friday and Easter Sunday. Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain why some people find belief in the Resurrection makes sense and inspires them. Offer and justify their own responses as to what difference belief in Resurrection might make to how people respond to challenges and problems in the world today. 	<p>U2.10 What matters most to Humanists and Christians? Christianity, Non Religious Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and explain beliefs about why people are good and bad (e.g. Christian and Humanist). Make links with sources of authority that tell people how to be good (e.g. Christian ideas of 'being made in the image of God' but 'fallen', and Humanists saying people can be 'good without God'). <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make clear connections between Christian and Humanist ideas about being good and how people live. Suggest reasons why it might be helpful to follow a moral code and why it might be difficult, offering different points of view. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Raise important questions and suggest answers about how and why people should be good. Make connections between the values studied and their own lives, and their importance in the world today, giving good reasons for their views. <p>How can following God bring freedom and justice? [People of God] Making sense of the text.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain connections between the story of Moses and the concepts of freedom and salvation, using theological terms. <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about being the People of God and how they should behave. Explain ways in which some Christians put their beliefs into practice by trying to bring freedom to others. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify ideas about freedom and justice arising from their study of Bible texts and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses.



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		<p>interpret biblical texts, showing awareness of different interpretations.</p> <p>Understanding the Impact</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Make clear connections between Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and how Christians live in the Christian community and in their individual lives. <p>Make connections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Relate biblical ideas, teachings or beliefs (for example, about peace, forgiveness, healing) to the issues, problems and opportunities of their own lives and the life of their own community in the world today, offering insights of their own.		