# <u>Drama and Theatre Studies</u> <u>Transition Pack</u> <u>2025/26</u>

Theatre Evaluation

# Theatre Evaluation:

As part of your Drama and Theatre exam you will be asked to evaluate a live piece of theatre that you have seen. To get a baseline understanding of your knowledge and skills we would like you to have a go at writing one of these over the summer ready to be handed in at the start of the course.

The evaluation will have a statement to which you must either agree or disagree using your knowledge of the production you have seen, your knowledge of drama and theatre and creative choices that are made and the intended impact and effect of those choices backed up with relevant examples.

In this pack you will find the criteria on which the evaluation will be assessed and some exemplars to give you an idea of the length detail and content of what we are looking for. If you have not seen a live piece of theatre and you can go and see something over the summer or look at websites such as Digital Theatre or Drama Online (The National Theatre site) which are both free to subscribe to and have productions that you can view. During the course we will go and see live theatre but may well review a digitally streamed piece as it has the advantage of being able to re-watch and revisit it to consolidate your understanding. The production we currently use is the National theatre's production of Frankenstein starring Benedict Cumberbatch and Johnny Lee-Miller. If you wish to use this then that is fine.

# <u>Theatre Review Statement 1:</u> Choose either statement 1 or 2 (see page 13 for statement 2) **Do not answer both.**

Analyse and evaluate the live performance you have seen in light of the following statement:

'Live theatre today has no connection to the lives of young people'

Your answer should:

- include analysis and evaluation of key moments from the performance you have seen and the contribution made by different theatre makers
- offer balanced consideration between your analysis and evaluation of the performance and your response to the statement.

# **Assessment Criteria for Statement 1:**

AO4 = 20 marks

This question asks the candidate to respond to a thought-provoking statement in light of their live theatre experience. At the heart of the statement is the debate that live performance has no relevance or interest to young people. Candidates will need to engage with the statement as informed members of the audience and discuss the contribution made by different theatre makers.

Candidates might refer to the following in their response:

- arguments that agree, disagree or offer a balanced reaction to the statement
- analysis and understanding of the role of the director and how specific production values have been used to communicate ideas and meaning to an audience
- analysis and evaluation of how dramatic elements have been used to create theatrical impact such as set, lighting, costume, sound, staging and acting
- the evaluation of key theatre makers, their collaboration and the contribution they have made to specific aspects of the production
- consideration of performance style, influence and theatrical interpretation
- analysis of and reference to key moments
- analysis of audience and audience reaction
- references to other art forms and the role of theatre in society
- analysis and evaluation of the overall aims and intentions of the production.

# Marking instructions

In AO4, analysis is required in order to reach evaluative judgements and conclusions in the context of student's own work. Responses must show balanced consideration between analysis and evaluation and marks are equally distributed across these two elements.

Responses that demonstrate isolated analysis without evaluation can only achieve a maximum of 4 marks.

#### Level 1

- Descriptive, basic approach with underdeveloped analysis of live performance elements, supported by a limited knowledge and understanding and limited use of subject-specific terminology.
- Limited evaluation demonstrating limited ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact have been created by relevant theatre makers.
- Uneven treatment of analysis and evaluation with a tentative attempt to engage with the statement, resulting in a limited overall response.

#### Level 2

- Generally appropriate approach with partial analysis of live performance elements supported by adequate knowledge and understanding and use of generally accurate subject-specific terminology.
- Emerging evaluation demonstrating basic ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Generally sound response supported by emerging but inconsistent

moments of analysis and evaluation, with a general attempt to engage with the statement.

### Level 3

- Clear approach with competent analysis of live performance elements, supported by secure knowledge and understanding and accurate use of subject-specific terminology.
- Consistent evaluation demonstrating adequate ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by different theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Clear personal response with consistent and generally balanced analysis and evaluation, showing a secure reasoning, interpretation and engagement with the statement.

#### Level 4

**Assured** 

- Confident approach with assured analysis of live performance elements, supported by comprehensive knowledge and understanding and effective use of subject-specific terminology.
- Effective evaluation demonstrating assured ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by different theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Comprehensive personal response with assured and balanced analysis and evaluation, showing confident reasoning, interpretation and engagement with the statement.

#### Level 5

- Critical and perceptive approach with sophisticated analysis of live performance elements, supported by precise knowledge and understanding and articulate use of subject-specific terminology.
- Perceptive evaluation demonstrating accomplished ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by different theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Sophisticated and in-depth personal response which perceptively draws together relevant and balanced elements of analysis and evaluation, showing sensitive reasoning, interpretation and engagement with the statement.

# **Top Band Exemplar for statement 1:**

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# **Theatre Review Statement 2:**

Analyse and evaluate the live performance you have seen in light of the following statement:

'Technology is more important in live theatre today than the play itself'

Your answer should:

- include analysis and evaluation of key moments from the performance you have seen and the contribution made by different theatre makers
- offer balanced consideration between your analysis and evaluation of the performance and your response to the statement.

# **Assessment Criteria:**

This question asks the candidate to respond to a thought-provoking statement in light of their live theatre experience. At the heart of the statement is the debate that technology in the theatre may enhance/dominate a performance. Candidates will need to engage with the statement as informed members of the audience and discuss the contribution made by different theatre makers

Candidates might refer to the following in their response:

- arguments that agree, disagree or offer a balanced reaction to the statement
- analysis and understanding of the role of the director and how various production values have been used to communicate ideas and meaning to an audience
- analysis and evaluation of how dramatic elements have been used to create theatrical impact such as set, lighting, costume, sound, staging and acting
- the evaluation of key theatre makers, their collaboration and the contribution they have made to specific aspects of the production
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# Level 1

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- Limited evaluation demonstrating limited ability to formulate and

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# Level 2

- Generally appropriate approach with partial analysis of live performance elements supported by adequate knowledge and understanding and use of generally accurate subject-specific terminology.
- Emerging evaluation demonstrating basic ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Generally sound response supported by emerging but inconsistent moments of analysis and evaluation, with a general attempt to engage with the statement.

#### Level 3

- Clear approach with competent analysis of live performance elements, supported by secure knowledge and understanding and accurate use of subject-specific terminology.
- Consistent evaluation demonstrating adequate ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by different theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Clear personal response with consistent and generally balanced

analysis and evaluation, showing a secure reasoning, interpretation and engagement with the statement.

# Level 4

- Confident approach with assured analysis of live performance elements, supported by comprehensive knowledge and understanding and effective use of subject-specific terminology.
- Effective evaluation demonstrating assured ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by different theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Comprehensive personal response with assured and balanced

analysis and evaluation, showing confident reasoning, interpretation and engagement with the statement.

#### Level 5

- Critical and perceptive approach with sophisticated analysis of live performance elements, supported by precise knowledge and understanding and articulate use of subject-specific terminology.
- Perceptive evaluation demonstrating accomplished ability to formulate and justify personal judgements of how ideas, meaning and impact are created by different theatre makers' use of production values and dramatic elements.
- Sophisticated and in-depth personal response which perceptively draws together relevant and balanced elements of analysis and evaluation, showing sensitive reasoning, interpretation and engagement with the statement.

# **Top Band Exemplar for Statement 2:**

When we entered the Fortune Theatre we were greeted with a somewhat decrepit looking stage, a shabby gauze backdrop, creaky seats and a stained stage floor. It was instentaneously clear that this was not the usual set up which most 21st century theatregoers are used to. After an initial feeling of dissapointment and confusion I began to appreciate the mood and atmosphere that came from such a set up, the intimate aged space of the auditorium lent itself well to the telling of a ghost story, and the unexpected, basic set made me wonder what suprises this production held. Upon reading the programme, the director, Robin Herford's, intention with this basic set became clear, if they had used more complex technological set up they would have "been in grave danger of losing the essential simplicity and innate theatricality with which [they tell their] story'. This simplicity, intersperced with very occasional moments of complex technology, I believe, was the key to the sucess of this production and proved that it was the story, not a huge array of technological advancements, which made the Woman In Black such a thrilling and immersive Theatre experience.

The play's opening was again unconventional, the lighting state did not alter which made myself and fellow members of the audience wonder if the play had even begun. I found this opening refleshing; my attention had not been caught through a flashy technological gimick as is frequently used in the opening of modern theatre productions, but the very lack of such technology is what created this essential sense of intrigue. The set designer, Michael Holt, had created an extremely simple, yet versatile set consisting of a wicker skip, some buckets, a chair and clothing rail, this set not only added to the sense of unease through it's run down looking appearance, but was extremely well suited to the manipulation of different settings. It also allowed for the flexibility of the time period: set in the 1950s but flashing back to the 1920s. This staging combined with the image of Old Kipps shuffling on stage with the houselight still on was totally unadorned with any technology - yet managed to captivate the entire audience into silence, excepting a few excited whispers.

All of a sudden, the bright, clinical flood lights snapped onto the stage as the Acto, played by james Byng, made his entergetic enterance from behind the audience. The sudden flash of the lights caused a mild shock amongst the audience and the actors appearance from behind them informed instilled within us the expectation that, in this production, we could expect thrills from every corner of the theatre. The actors began by discussing how best to tell Kipp's story and introduced the idea of its being a 'play-within-a-play' and created a Brechtian sense of distancing from the audience as well as some humour. This informed the audience of the standard of technology they could expect as the play progressed, to emphesise this point the Actor frequently comsulted Bunce, the imaginary stage technition - thus our expectation was set up to only anticipate 1950's level technology. We were

certainly in for a shock... After this first scene there was a snap blackout on the line 'it must be told' which added emphasis to this moment and set up the beginning of the ghost story in a traditional way, again emphasising the importance of TELLING a story, over the use of complex technology to keep audiences engaged.

One of the most clever manipulation of simple props occured in the train scene, where, using nothing more than trains and impressive physical skills - the actor was jumping around and moving, using nothing more thanhis body to create a very real impression of the movement of a train. I was struck by the skill and versatility of the Actor here, I understood his movements exactly and could imagine everything happening before my eyes - even without any technological mechanics. The powerful manipulation of props in this way extended to the use of the wicker skip to represent the pony and trap - again, simple uncomplicated props creating a sense of reality and guiding the audiences understanding of the story. All of a sudden, as the train went through a 'tunnel' there was a snap blackout, and a chase effect using three gobos. The increadibly loud sound of the train passing through the tunnel came from the speakers right next to the audience, and many audience members, including myself, screamed in shock. This was a brilliant peice of design collaboration from the sound Designer, Gareth Owen and the light designer, Kevin Sleep. It absolutely defied out expectations about the simple technology that would be used. What was so effective, was the sparing use of such technology; Robin Herford said 'the only aspect of the play that has any claim to complexity is it's sound design', and it was this clever, subtle use of terrifying sounds which stood out over the otherwise basic technology.

The final moment which particularly caught my attention was the funeral scene, and our first sighting of the woman in black. By this time, the audience had been waiting 40minutes to get a glimpse of the title character, and unfortunately, it appeared that for some audience members, a compelling story was not enough to keep them in their seats since the people sat infront of me left during the interval, no doubt due to the lack of technological stimulation they had become accustomed to as theatre goers. The setting of the church was presented, characteristically, in a very simple manner with a simple cross projection using a gobo falling accross the gauze, and a colourless stained glass window effect falling accross the actor's faces. Once again, i was struck by how the simple use of lighting could conjure such a clear and eerie image, if they had gone to the effort of creating a new set for the church - I believe this illusion would have been ruined. Another excellent collaboration from the designers followed when the priests pre-recorded voice, rang out 'godlike' into the auditorium. The reverb effect that had been used created a sinister feeling and the fact that there was no actual proest present added to the sense of the Acrot's isolation, which is a key element in the story so it was nice being reminded of that fact here. The Woman in Black herself appeared from behind the audience, which caused quite a stir. This is exactly the type of effect that can never be reproduced in a film, for example, despite all it's complex technology. There is something raw and immersive about being in the theatre which makes moments such as these absolutely thrilling. The enterance of the Woman in Black was not only behind the audience, bhut behind the actors, which gave us a sense of dramatic irony and increased our fear on their behalf. Much of the sucess of ther stoty came through the relationship developed between the audience and actors, using the power of acting alone, which is why it was a rather terrifying moment.

In conclusion, it was the wonderful simplicity of the Woman in Black, the directors intention of keeping the story as the central aspect of the play, which made it such a thrilling theatre experience for myself and the other members of my class. In the words of Stephen Mallatrat, who adapted the novel for stage, 'the intent of the show is to frighten ... the fear is not on a visual or visceral level, but an imaginitave one'. It was the forcing of the audience to use their imagination, witout smart technological effects, that truly created the sense of us witnessing an honest ghost story. The focus consistently remained on the quality of the acting and the story being told whichproves now they are the truly essential elements of theatre.

Any questions or queries please email me:

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Good luck and see you in August!