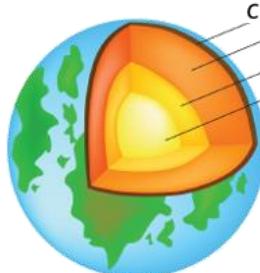


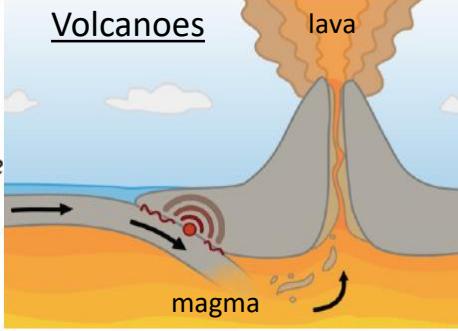
| Key Vocabulary | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Key Word | Definition |
| crust | Made of rock and forms the tectonic plates |
| mantle | Made of liquid/molten rock |
| outer core | Made of liquid metal (iron and nickel) |
| inner core | Made of solid metal (iron and nickel) |
| magma | Molten rock in the mantle |
| epicentre | The place an earthquake starts, above the ground |
| hypocentre | The place an earthquake starts, under the ground |
| seismic waves | Shockwaves which travel through the earth during an earthquake |
| International Aid | Financial help from other countries to help a country rebuild and repair after a natural disaster |

Geography: Natural Disasters

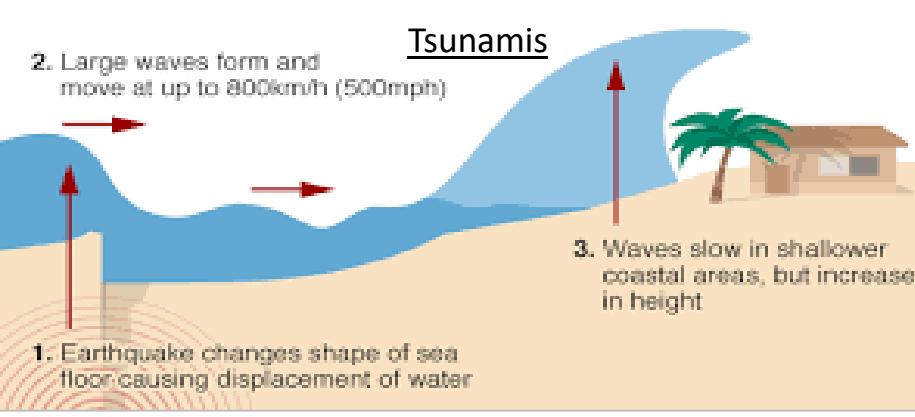
The structure of the Earth



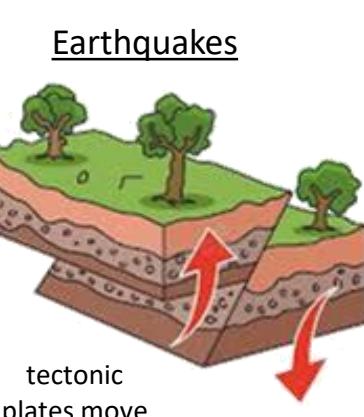
Volcanoes



Tsunamis



Earthquakes



The Ring of Fire



- A horseshoe-shaped line around the edge of the Pacific ocean
- Home to **75%** of the world's **volcanoes** and **90%** of the world's **earthquakes**

| Learning Sequence | |
|-------------------|---|
| Lesson 1 | What is the structure of the Earth? |
| Lesson 2 | How do earthquakes and tsunamis form? |
| Lesson 3 | How do earthquakes and tsunamis affect the land? |
| Lesson 4 | How do earthquakes and tsunamis affect people? |
| Lesson 5 | What is international aid? |
| Lesson 6 | How does climate change affect natural disasters? |