



Cherry Tree Primary

Online Safety Policy

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Statement of intent

Cherry Tree Primary understands that using online services is an important aspect of raising educational standards, promoting pupil achievement and enhancing teaching and learning.

The use of online services is embedded throughout the school; therefore, there are a number of controls in place to ensure the safety of pupils and staff.

The breadth of issues classified within online safety is considerable, but they can be categorised into three areas of risk:

- **Content:** Being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful material, e.g. pornography, fake news, and racist or radical and extremist views.
- **Contact:** Being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users, e.g. commercial advertising and adults posing as children or young adults.
- **Conduct:** Personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm, e.g. sending and receiving explicit messages, and cyberbullying.

The measures implemented to protect pupils and staff revolve around these areas of risk. Our school has created this policy with the aim of ensuring appropriate and safe use of the internet and other digital technology devices by all pupils and staff.

1. Legal framework

1.1. This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019
- The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- Data Protection Act 2018
- DfE (2024) 'Keeping children safe in education'
- DfE (2019) 'Teaching online safety in school'
- DfE (2018) 'Searching, screening and confiscation'
- National Cyber Security Centre (2017) 'Cyber Security: Small Business Guide'
- UK Council for Child Internet Safety (2020) 'Education for a Connected World – 2020 edition'
- UK Council for Child Internet Safety (2017) 'Sexting in schools and colleges: Responding to incidents and safeguarding young people'

1.2. This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy
- Acceptable Use Agreement (staff and pupils)
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- RSE and Health Education Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Behaviour Policy including Anti-Bullying
- Disciplinary Policy and Procedures
- Data Protection Policy
- Confidentiality Policy
- Remote Learning Policy

2. Roles and responsibilities

2.1. The **Governing Board** is responsible for:

- Ensuring that this policy is effective and complies with relevant laws and statutory guidance.
- Ensuring the DSL's remit covers online safety.
- Reviewing this policy on an annual basis.
- Ensuring their own knowledge of online safety issues is up-to-date.

- Ensuring all staff undergo safeguarding and child protection training (including online safety) at induction.
- Ensuring that there are appropriate filtering and monitoring systems in place.

2.2. The **Head Teacher** is responsible for:

- Supporting the DSL and any deputies by ensuring they have enough time and resources to carry out their responsibilities in relation to online safety.
- Ensuring staff receive regular, up-to-date and appropriate online safety training and information as part of their induction and safeguarding training.
- Ensuring online safety practices are audited and evaluated.
- Supporting staff to ensure that online safety is embedded throughout the curriculum so that all pupils can develop an appropriate understanding of online safety.
- Organising engagement with parents to keep them up-to-date with current online safety issues and how the school is keeping pupils safe.
- Working with the DSL and ICT technicians to conduct bi-annual review of this policy.
- Working with the DSL and governing board to update this policy on an annual basis.

2.3. The **DSL** is responsible for:

- Taking the lead responsibility for online safety in the school.
- Acting as the named point of contact within the school on all online safeguarding issues.
- Undertaking training so they understand the risks associated with online safety and can recognise additional risks that pupils with SEND face online.
- Liaising with relevant members of staff on online safety matters, e.g. the SENCO and ICT technicians.
- Ensuring online safety is recognised as part of the school's safeguarding responsibilities and that a coordinated approach is implemented.
- Ensuring safeguarding is considered in the school's approach to remote learning.
- Ensuring appropriate referrals are made to external agencies, as required.
- Staying up-to-date with current research, legislation and online trends.
- Coordinating the school's participation in local and national online safety events, e.g. Safer Internet Day.
- Establishing a procedure for reporting online safety incidents and inappropriate internet use, both by pupils and staff.
- Ensuring all members of the school community understand the reporting procedure.
- Maintaining records of reported online safety concerns as well as the actions taken in response to concerns.

- Monitoring online safety incidents to identify trends and any gaps in the school's provision, and using this data to update the school's procedures.
- Reporting to the governing board about online safety on a termly basis.
- Working with the Head Teacher and governing board to update this policy on an annual basis.

2.4. **ICT technicians** are responsible for:

- Providing technical support in the development and implementation of the school's online safety policies and procedures.
- Implementing appropriate security measures as directed by the Head Teacher.
- Ensuring that the school's filtering and monitoring systems are updated as appropriate.

2.5. All **staff members** are responsible for:

- Taking responsibility for the security of ICT systems and electronic data they use or have access to.
- Modelling good online behaviours.
- Maintaining a professional level of conduct in their personal use of technology.
- Having an awareness of online safety issues.
- Reporting concerns in line with the school's reporting procedure.
- Where relevant to their role, ensuring online safety is embedded in their teaching of the curriculum.

2.6. **Pupils** are responsible for:

- Adhering to this policy, the Acceptable Use Agreement and other relevant policies.
- Seeking help from school staff if they are concerned about something they or a peer has experienced online.
- Reporting online safety incidents and concerns in line with the procedures within this policy.

3. The curriculum

3.1. Online safety is embedded throughout the curriculum; however, it is particularly addressed in the following subjects:

- RSE
- Computing; half termly lessons via the Knowsley Scheme of Work

- 3.2. The curriculum and the school's approach to online safety is developed in line with the UK Council for Child Internet Safety's 'Education for a Connected World' framework and the DfE's 'Teaching online safety in school' guidance.
- 3.3. Pupils are taught the underpinning knowledge and behaviours that can help them to navigate the online world safely and confidently regardless of the device, platform or app they are using.
- 3.4. Online safety teaching is always appropriate to pupils' ages and developmental stages.
- 3.5. The underpinning knowledge and behaviours pupils learn through the 'My Online Life' unit of the computing curriculum include the following:
 - How to evaluate what they see online
 - How to recognise techniques used for persuasion
 - Acceptable and unacceptable online behaviour
 - How to identify online risks
 - How and when to seek support
- 3.6. The risks pupils may face online are always considered when developing the curriculum. The risks that are considered and how they are covered in the curriculum can be found in Appendix 1 of this policy.
- 3.7. The DSL is involved with the development of the school's online safety curriculum.
- 3.8. The school recognises that, while any pupil can be vulnerable online, there are some pupils who may be more susceptible to online harm or have less support from family and friends in staying safe online, e.g. pupils with SEND and LAC. Relevant members of staff, e.g. the SENCO and designated teacher for LAC, work together to ensure the curriculum is tailored so these pupils receive the information and support they need.
- 3.9. Class teachers review external resources prior to using them for the online safety curriculum, to ensure they are appropriate for the cohort of pupils. When reviewing these resources, the following questions are asked:
 - Where does this organisation get their information from?
 - What is their evidence base?
 - Have they been externally quality assured?
 - What is their background?
 - Are they age appropriate for pupils?
 - Are they appropriate for pupils' developmental stage?

- 3.10. External visitors may be invited into school to help with the delivery of certain aspects of the online safety curriculum. The **Head Teacher and DSL** decide when it is appropriate to invite external groups into school and ensure the visitors selected are appropriate.
- 3.11. Before conducting a lesson or activity on online safety, the class teacher and DSL consider the topic that is being covered and the potential that pupils in the class have suffered or may be suffering from online abuse or harm in this way. The DSL advises the staff member on how to best support any pupil who may be especially impacted by a lesson or activity.
- 3.12. Lessons and activities are planned carefully so they do not draw attention to a pupil who is being or has been abused or harmed online, to avoid publicising the abuse.
- 3.13. During an online safety lesson or activity, the class teacher ensures a safe environment is maintained in which pupils feel comfortable to say what they feel and are not worried about getting into trouble or being judged.
- 3.14. If a staff member is concerned about anything pupils raise during online safety lessons and activities, they will make a report in line with sections [15](#) and [16](#) of this policy.
- 3.15. If a pupil makes a disclosure to a member of staff regarding online abuse following a lesson or activity, the staff member will follow the reporting procedure outlined in sections [15](#) and [16](#) of this policy.

4. Staff training

- 4.1. All staff receive safeguarding and child protection training, which includes online safety training, during their induction.
- 4.2. Online safety training for staff is updated **annually** and is delivered in line with advice from local safeguarding partners.
- 4.3. In addition to this training, staff also receive regular online safety updates as required and at least annually.
- 4.4. The DSL and any deputies undergo training to provide them with the knowledge and skills they need to carry out their role, this includes online safety training. This training is updated at least every two years.
- 4.5. In addition to this formal training, the DSL and any deputies receive regular online safety updates to allow them to keep up with any developments relevant to their role. In relation to online safety, these updates allow the DSL and their deputies to:
 - Understand the unique risks associated with online safety and be confident that they have the relevant knowledge and capability required to keep pupils safe while they are online at school.
 - Recognise the additional risks that pupils with SEND face online and offer them support to stay safe online.

- 4.6. All staff receive a copy of this policy upon their induction and are informed of any changes to the policy.
- 4.7. Staff are required to adhere to the **Staff Code of Conduct** at all times, which includes provisions for the acceptable use of technologies and the use of social media.
- 4.8. All staff are informed about how to report online safety concerns, in line with sections 15 and 16 of this policy.
- 4.9. The DSL acts as the first point of contact for staff requiring advice about online safety.

5. Educating parents

- 5.1. The school works in partnership with parents to ensure pupils stay safe online at school and at home.
- 5.2. Parents are provided with information about the school's approach to online safety and their role in protecting their children. Parental awareness is raised in the following ways:
 - Parents' evenings
 - National College/ National Online Safety 'Information for parents- leaflets' sent home
 - Newsletters
- 5.3. Parents are sent a copy of the Home School Agreement (which includes Acceptable Use) at the beginning of each academic year and are encouraged to go through this with their child to ensure their child understands the document and the implications of not following it.

6. Classroom use

- 6.1. A wide range of technology is used during lessons, including the following:
 - Computers
 - Laptops
 - Tablets
 - Intranet
 - Communication
 - Cameras
- 6.2. Prior to using any websites, tools, apps or other online platforms in the classroom, or recommending that pupils use these platforms at home, the class teacher always reviews and evaluates the resource.
- 6.3. Pupils are supervised when using online materials during lesson time – this supervision is suitable to their age and ability.

7. Internet access

- 7.1. Pupils, staff and other members of the school community are only granted access to the school's internet network once they have read and signed the Acceptable Use Agreement.
- 7.2. Staff devices are password protected and not used by pupils.
- 7.3. All members of the school community are encouraged to use the school's internet network, instead of 3G, 4G and 5G networks, as the network has appropriate filtering and monitoring to ensure individuals are using the internet appropriately.

8. Filtering and monitoring online activity

- 8.1. The **Governing Board** ensures the school's ICT network has appropriate filters and monitoring systems in place.
- 8.2. The **Head Teacher and ICT technicians** undertake a risk assessment to determine what filtering and monitoring systems are required.
- 8.3. The filtering and monitoring systems the school implements are appropriate to pupils' ages, the number of pupils using the network, how often pupils access the network, and the proportionality of costs compared to the risks.
- 8.4. The **Governing Board** ensures 'over blocking' does not lead to unreasonable restrictions as to what pupils can be taught with regards to online teaching and safeguarding.
- 8.5. **ICT technicians** undertake checks on the filtering and monitoring systems to ensure they are effective and appropriate. The safeguarding governor also checks our filtering and monitoring system.
- 8.6. Requests regarding making changes to the filtering system are directed to the **Head Teacher**.
- 8.7. Prior to making any changes to the filtering system, **ICT technicians** conduct a risk assessment and notify the Head Teacher. Any changes made to the system are recorded by **ICT technicians**.
- 8.8. Reports of inappropriate websites or materials are made to a senior leader immediately, who investigates the matter and makes any necessary changes.
- 8.9. If material that is believed to be illegal is accessed, inadvertently or deliberately, this material will be reported to the appropriate agency immediately, e.g. the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF), CEOP and/or the police.
- 8.10. The school's network and school-owned devices are appropriately monitored.
- 8.11. All users of the network and school-owned devices are informed about how and why they are monitored.

9. Network security

- 9.1. Technical security features, such as anti-virus software, are kept up-to-date and managed by **ICT technicians**.
- 9.2. Firewalls are switched on at all times.
- 9.3. **ICT technicians** review the firewalls to ensure they are running correctly, and to carry out any required updates.
- 9.4. Staff and pupils are advised not to download unapproved software or open unfamiliar email attachments.
- 9.5. Staff members and pupils report all malware and virus attacks to senior leaders.
- 9.6. All members of staff have their own unique usernames and private passwords to access the school's systems.
- 9.7. Pupils in **key stage 2** are provided with their own unique username and private passwords.
- 9.8. Staff members and pupils are responsible for keeping their passwords private.
- 9.9. Passwords have a minimum and maximum length and require a mixture of letters, numbers and symbols to ensure they are as secure as possible.
- 9.10. Users are not permitted to share their login details with others and are not allowed to log in as another user at any time.
- 9.11. Users are required to lock access to devices and systems when they are not in use. Laptops and Chromebook are set up with a sleep mode when inactive for more than 10 minutes.
- 9.12. Users inform **ICT lead** if they forget their login details, who will arrange for the user to access the systems under different login details.
- 9.13. If a user is found to be sharing their login details or otherwise mistreating the password system, the **Head Teacher** is informed and decides the necessary action to take.

10. Emails

- 10.1. Access to and the use of emails is managed in line with the **Data Protection Policy**, **Acceptable Use Agreement** and **Confidentiality Policy**.
- 10.2. Staff are given approved school email accounts and are only able to use these accounts at school and when doing school-related work outside of school hours.
- 10.3. Staff use school devices only for school business.
- 10.4. Any email that contains sensitive or personal information is only sent using secure and encrypted email.

- 10.5. The school's monitoring system can detect inappropriate links, malware and profanity within emails – staff and pupils are made aware of this.
- 10.6. Chain letters, spam and all other emails from unknown sources are deleted without being opened.
- 10.7. **Computing lead** organise an **annual** assembly where they deliver messages about online safety.
- 10.8. Any cyberattacks initiated through emails are managed in line with the **Data and E-Security Breach Prevention and Management Plan**.

11.Social networking

Personal use

- 11.1. Access to social networking sites is filtered as appropriate.
- 11.2. Staff and pupils are not permitted to use social media for personal use during lesson time.
- 11.3. Staff can use personal social media during break and lunchtimes.
- 11.4. Staff members are advised that their conduct on social media can have an impact on their role and reputation within the school.
- 11.5. Staff receive training on how to use social media safely and responsibly.
- 11.6. Staff are not permitted to communicate with pupils or parents over social networking sites and are reminded to alter their privacy settings to ensure pupils and parents are not able to contact them on social media.
- 11.7. Pupils are taught how to use social media safely and responsibly through the online safety curriculum.
- 11.8. Concerns regarding the online conduct of any member of the school community on social media are reported to the **DSL** and managed in accordance with the relevant policy, e.g. **Staff Code of Conduct and Behavioural Policy**.

Use on behalf of the school

- 11.9. The school's official social media channels are only used for official educational or engagement purposes.
- 11.10. Staff members or governors must be authorised by the **Head Teacher** to access to the school's social media accounts.
- 11.11. All communication on official social media channels by staff or governors on behalf of the school is clear, transparent and open to scrutiny.

- 11.12. The Staff Code of Conduct and Governor Code of Conduct contains information on the acceptable use of social media – staff members are required to follow these expectations at all times.

12.The school website

- 12.1. The **Head Teacher** is responsible for the overall content of the school website – they will ensure the content is appropriate, accurate, up-to-date and meets government requirements.
- 12.2. The website complies with guidelines for publications including accessibility, data protection, respect for intellectual property rights, privacy policies and copyright law.
- 12.3. Personal information relating to staff and pupils is not published on the website.
- 12.4. Images and videos are only posted on the website if the appropriate provisions are met.

13.Use of school-owned devices

- 13.1. Class teachers are issued with the following devices to assist with their work:
- Laptop
- 13.2. Pupils are provided with school-owned devices as necessary to assist in the delivery of the curriculum, e.g. Chrome Books/tablets to use during lessons.
- 13.3. All school-owned devices are password protected.
- 13.4. Staff members or pupils found to be misusing school-owned devices are disciplined in line with the **Disciplinary Policy and Procedure** and **Behaviour Policy**.

14.Use of personal devices

- 14.1. Any personal electronic device that is brought into school is the responsibility of the user.
- 14.2. Personal devices are not permitted to be used by pupils during the school day. They must be handed in to the class teacher during morning registration and collected at the end of the school day.
- 14.3. Staff members are not permitted to use their personal devices during lesson time, other than in an emergency.
- 14.4. Staff members are permitted to use their personal devices, in line with the Code of Conduct and Acceptable Use Policies.
- 14.5. Staff members report concerns about their colleagues' use of personal devices on the school premises in line with the **Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy**.

- 14.6. If a member of staff is thought to have illegal content saved or stored on a personal device, or to have committed an offence using a personal device, the **Head Teacher** will inform the police and action will be taken in line with the **Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy**.
- 14.7. If a pupil needs to contact their parents during the school day, a member of staff will do this using the phone in the **staff room or school office**.
- 14.8. The **Head Teacher** may authorise the use of mobile devices by a pupil for safety or precautionary use e.g. on a residential visit. These will only be allowed at designated times and must be handed in to school staff overnight for safekeeping.
- 14.9. Visitors are not allowed to use personal devices on the school premises when in the presence of children. Any concerns regarding visitors' use of personal devices is reported to the **DSL**.

15.Managing reports of online safety incidents

- 15.1. Staff members and pupils are informed about what constitutes inappropriate online behaviour in the following ways:
- Staff training
 - The online safety curriculum
 - Assemblies
- 15.2. Concerns regarding a staff member's online behaviour are reported to the **Head Teacher** who decides on the best course of action in line with the relevant policies, e.g. **Staff Code of Conduct, Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy and Disciplinary Policy and Procedures**. Concerns regarding the Head Teacher's online behaviour are reported to the Chair of Governors, who decides on the best course of action, as above.
- 15.3. Concerns regarding a pupil's online behaviour are reported to the **DSL** who investigates concerns with relevant staff members, e.g. **the Head Teacher and ICT technicians**.
- 15.4. Concerns regarding a pupil's online behaviour are dealt with in accordance with relevant policies depending on their nature, e.g. **Behaviour Policy and Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy**.
- 15.5. Where there is a concern that illegal activity has taken place, the **Head Teacher** contacts the police.
- 15.6. All online safety incidents and the school's response are recorded by the **DSL**.
- 15.7. [Section 16](#) of this policy outlines how the school responds to specific online safety concerns, such as cyberbullying and peer-on-peer abuse.

16.Responding to specific online safety concerns

Behaviour outside of school premises

Pupils at the school must represent the school in a positive manner. We expect our pupils to treat everyone fairly, with respect and kindness both inside school and out in the wider community, particularly if the pupil is dressed in school uniform.

Staff can discipline pupils for misbehaviour outside of the school premises, when the pupil is:

- Wearing school uniform.
- Travelling to or from school.
- Taking part in any school-related activity.

Should any bullying or inappropriate behaviour happen online, at home, school will provide support for pupils and advice for parents. However, parents are responsible for dealing with this behaviour, not school.

Cyberbullying

- 16.1. Cyberbullying, against both pupils and staff, is not tolerated.
- 16.2. Any incidents of cyberbullying are dealt with quickly and effectively whenever they occur.
- 16.3. Information about the school's full response to incidents of cyberbullying can be found in the Behaviour and Anti-Bullying Policy.

Online sexual violence and sexual harassment between children (child-on child abuse)

- 16.4. The school recognises that child-on child abuse can take place online.
- 16.5. The school responds to all concerns regarding online child-on child abuse, whether or not the incident took place on the school premises or using school-owned equipment.
- 16.6. Concerns regarding online child-on child abuse are reported to the **DSL** who will investigate the matter in line with the **Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy**.
- 16.7. Information about the school's full response to incidents of online child-on child abuse can be found in the **Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy**.

Online abuse and exploitation

- 16.8. Through the online safety curriculum, (including NSPCC workshops) pupils are taught about how to recognise online abuse and where they can go for support if they experience it.
- 16.9. The school responds to concerns regarding online abuse and exploitation, whether or not it took place on the school premises or using school-owned equipment.
- 16.10. All concerns relating to online abuse and exploitation, including child sexual abuse and exploitation and criminal exploitation, are reported to the **DSL** and dealt with in line with the **Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy**.

Online hate

- 16.11. The school does not tolerate online hate content directed towards or posted by members of the school community.
- 16.12. Incidents of online hate are dealt with in line with the relevant school policy depending on the nature of the incident and those involved, e.g. **Staff Code of Conduct, Behaviour and Anti-Bullying Policy**.

Online radicalisation and extremism

- 16.13. The school's filtering system protects pupils and staff from viewing extremist content.
- 16.14. Concerns regarding a staff member or pupil being radicalised online are dealt with in line with the **Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy and Prevent Duty Policy**.

17.Remote learning

- 17.1. All remote learning is delivered in line with the school's **Remote Learning Policy**.
- 17.2. All staff and pupils using video communication must:
- Communicate in groups – one-to-one sessions are only carried out where necessary.
 - Wear suitable clothing – this includes others in their household.
 - Be situated in an environment with an appropriate background.
 - Use appropriate language – this includes others in their household.
 - Maintain the standard of behaviour expected in school.
 - Use the necessary equipment and computer programs as intended.
 - Not record, store, or distribute video material without permission.
 - Make their best endeavours to ensure they have a stable connection to avoid disruption to lessons.
 - Always remain aware that they are visible and can be heard.
- 17.3. The school will consider whether one-to-one sessions are appropriate in some circumstances, e.g. to provide support for pupils with SEND. This will be decided and approved by the **SLT**, in collaboration with the **SENDCO**.
- 17.4. Pupils not using devices or software as intended will be disciplined in line with the **Behaviour Policy**.
- 17.5. The school will risk assess the technology used for remote learning prior to use and ensure that there are no privacy issues or scope for inappropriate use.
- 17.6. The school will regularly consult with parents about what methods of delivering remote teaching are most suitable – alternate arrangements will be made where necessary.

- 17.7. The school will ensure that all school-owned equipment and technology used for remote learning has suitable anti-virus software installed, can establish secure connections, can recover lost work, and allows for audio and visual material to be recorded or downloaded, where required.
- 17.8. The school will share the Remote Learning Policy with parents.
- 17.9. During the period of remote learning, the school will maintain regular contact with parents to:
- Reinforce the importance of children staying safe online.
 - Ensure parents are aware of what their children are being asked to do, e.g. sites they have been asked to use and staff they will interact with.
 - Encourage them to set age-appropriate parental controls on devices and internet filters to block malicious websites.
 - Direct parents to useful resources to help them keep their children safe online.
- 17.10. The school will not be responsible for providing access to the internet off the school premises and will not be responsible for providing online safety software, e.g. anti-virus software, on devices not owned by the school.

18. Monitoring and review

- 18.1. The school recognises that the online world is constantly changing; therefore, **the DSL, Computing Lead and the Head Teacher** conduct light-touch reviews of this policy to evaluate its effectiveness.
- 18.2. The **Governing Board, Head Teacher and DSL** review this policy in full on an annual basis and following any online safety incidents.
- 18.3. The next scheduled review date for this policy is September 2023.

Any changes made to this policy are communicated to all members of the school community.

Appendix 1: Online harms and risks – curriculum coverage

| Subject area | Description and teaching content | Curriculum area the harm or risk is covered in |
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| How to navigate the internet and manage information | | |
| Age restrictions | <p>Some online activities have age restrictions because they include content which is not appropriate for children under a specific age.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That age verification exists and why some online platforms ask users to verify their age • Why age restrictions exist • That content that requires age verification can be damaging to under-age consumers • What the age of digital consent is (13 for most platforms) and why it is important | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RSE • Computing curriculum |
| How content can be used and shared | <p>Knowing what happens to information, comments or images that are put online.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What a digital footprint is, how it develops and how it can affect pupils' futures • How cookies work • How content can be shared, tagged and traced • How difficult it is to remove something once it has been shared online • What is illegal online. | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education • RSE • Computing curriculum |
| Disinformation, misinformation and hoaxes | <p>Some information shared online is accidentally or intentionally wrong, misleading or exaggerated.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disinformation and why individuals or groups choose to share false information in order to deliberately deceive | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education • RSE |

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Misinformation and being aware that false and misleading information can be shared inadvertently • Online hoaxes, which can be deliberately and inadvertently spread for a variety of reasons • That the widespread nature of this sort of content can often appear to be a stamp of authenticity, making it important to evaluate what is seen online • How to measure and check authenticity online • The potential consequences of sharing information that may not be true | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computing curriculum |
| Fake websites and scam emails | <p>Fake websites and scam emails are used to extort data, money, images and other things that can either be used by the scammer to harm the person targeted or sold on for financial, or other, gain.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How to recognise fake URLs and websites • What secure markings on websites are and how to assess the sources of emails • The risks of entering information to a website which is not secure • What pupils should do if they are harmed/targeted/groomed as a result of interacting with a fake website or scam email • Who pupils should go to for support | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education • Computing curriculum |
| Online fraud | <p>Fraud can take place online and can have serious consequences for individuals and organisations.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What identity fraud, scams and phishing are • What 'good' companies will and will not do when it comes to personal details | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education • Computing curriculum |
| Password phishing | <p>Password phishing is the process by which people try to find out individuals' passwords so they can access protected content.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education |

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Why passwords are important, how to keep them safe and that others might try to get people to reveal them • How to recognise phishing scams • The importance of online security to protect against viruses that are designed to gain access to password information • What to do when a password is compromised or thought to be compromised | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computing curriculum |
| Personal data | <p>Online platforms and search engines gather personal data – this is often referred to as ‘harvesting’ or ‘farming’.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How cookies work • How data is farmed from sources which look neutral • How and why personal data is shared by online companies • How pupils can protect themselves and that acting quickly is essential when something happens • The rights children have with regards to their data • How to limit the data companies can gather | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education • Computing curriculum |
| Persuasive design | <p>Many devices, apps and games are designed to keep users online for longer than they might have planned or desired.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That the majority of games and platforms are designed to make money – their primary driver is to encourage people to stay online for as long as possible • How notifications are used to pull users back online | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computing curriculum |
| Privacy settings | <p>Almost all devices, websites, apps and other online services come with privacy settings that can be used to control what is shared.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How to find information about privacy settings on various devices and platforms • That privacy settings have limitations | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education |

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| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Computing curriculum |
| Targeting of online content | <p>Much of the information seen online is a result of some form of targeting.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How adverts seen at the top of online searches and social media have often come from companies paying to be on there and different people will see different adverts How the targeting is done | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Computing curriculum |
| How to stay safe online | | |
| Online abuse | <p>Some online behaviours are abusive. They are negative in nature, potentially harmful and, in some cases, can be illegal.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The types of online abuse, including sexual harassment, bullying, trolling and intimidation When online abuse can become illegal How to respond to online abuse and how to access support How to respond when the abuse is anonymous The potential implications of online abuse What acceptable and unacceptable online behaviours look like | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relationships education Computing curriculum RSE |
| Challenges | <p>Online challenges acquire mass followings and encourage others to take part in what they suggest.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What an online challenge is and that, while some will be fun and harmless, others may be dangerous and even illegal How to assess if the challenge is safe or potentially harmful, including considering who has generated the challenge and why | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relationships education RSE |

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That it is okay to say no and to not take part in a challenge • How and where to go for help • The importance of telling an adult about challenges which include threats or secrecy – ‘chain letter’ style challenges | |
| Content which incites | <p>Knowing that violence can be incited online and escalate very quickly into offline violence.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That online content (sometimes gang related) can glamorise the possession of weapons and drugs • That to intentionally encourage or assist in an offence is also a criminal offence • How and where to get help if they are worried about involvement in violence | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education |
| Fake profiles | <p>Not everyone online is who they say they are.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That, in some cases, profiles may be people posing as someone they are not or may be ‘bots’ • How to look out for fake profiles | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education • Computing curriculum |
| Grooming | <p>Knowing about the different types of grooming and motivations for it, e.g. radicalisation, child sexual abuse and exploitation (CSAE) and gangs (county lines).</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Boundaries in friendships with peers, in families, and with others • Key indicators of grooming behaviour • The importance of disengaging from contact with suspected grooming and telling a trusted adult • How and where to report grooming both in school and to the police <p>At all stages, it is important to balance teaching pupils about making sensible decisions to stay safe whilst being clear it is never the fault of the child who is abused and why victim blaming is always wrong.</p> | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education |

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| Live streaming | <p>Live streaming (showing a video of yourself in real-time online either privately or to a public audience) can be popular with children, but it carries a risk when carrying out and watching it.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What the risks of carrying out live streaming are, e.g. the potential for people to record livestreams and share the content • The importance of thinking carefully about who the audience might be and if pupils would be comfortable with whatever they are streaming being shared widely • That online behaviours should mirror offline behaviours and that this should be considered when making a livestream • That pupils should not feel pressured to do something online that they would not do offline • Why people sometimes do and say things online that they would never consider appropriate offline • The risk of watching videos that are being livestreamed, e.g. there is no way of knowing what will be shown next • The risks of grooming | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education |
| Unsafe communication | <p>Knowing different strategies for staying safe when communicating with others, especially people they do not know or have not met.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That communicating safely online and protecting your privacy and data is important, regardless of who you are communicating with • How to identify indicators of risk and unsafe communications • The risks associated with giving out addresses, phone numbers or email addresses to people pupils do not know, or arranging to meet someone they have not met before • What online consent is and how to develop strategies to confidently say no to both friends and strangers online | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education • Computing curriculum |
| Wellbeing | | |

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| Impact on confidence (including body confidence) | <p>Knowing about the impact of comparisons to 'unrealistic' online images.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The issue of using image filters and digital enhancement • The role of social media influencers, including that they are paid to influence the behaviour of their followers • The issue of photo manipulation, including why people do it and how to look out for it | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RSE |
| Impact on quality of life, physical and mental health and relationships | <p>Knowing how to identify when online behaviours stop being fun and begin to create anxiety, including that there needs to be a balance between time spent online and offline.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How to evaluate critically what pupils are doing online, why they are doing it and for how long (screen time) • How to consider quality vs. quantity of online activity • The need for pupils to consider if they are actually enjoying being online or just doing it out of habit due to peer pressure or the fear of missing out • That time spent online gives users less time to do other activities, which can lead some users to become physically inactive • The impact that excessive social media usage can have on levels of anxiety, depression and other mental health issues • That isolation and loneliness can affect pupils and that it is very important for them to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support • Where to get help | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RSE |
| Online vs. offline behaviours | <p>People can often behave differently online to how they would act face to face.</p> <p>Teaching includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How and why people can often portray an exaggerated picture of their lives (especially online) and how that can lead to pressures around having perfect/curated lives | <p>This risk or harm is covered in the following curriculum area(s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships education |

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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• How and why people are unkind or hurtful online when they would not necessarily be unkind to someone face to face | |
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