

MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT

Curriculum Overview



The curriculum at West Derby School reflects the aspirations we have for all students. It is designed to be as ambitious as the National Curriculum, offering a first-class education that is rich in knowledge and skills, whilst also being broad and balanced throughout the key stages. In Mathematics we deliver a mastery scheme of work to develop confident mathematicians who are problem solvers, capable of taking their knowledge from school into real life situations.

Departmental Overview

The Mathematics Department is comprised of thirteen teachers and is located over two floors of the Derby Building. Each classroom has an interactive whiteboard and the department has access to two class sets of laptops and two class sets of iPads. This technology provides support for the pupils with their classwork and enables them to learn independently. Using these, pupils can make use of the apps and online support provided for them by the department.

SEND pupils are considered at every stage of planning and delivery of the curriculum. Our strategies are consistent across all classes and we regularly meet as a department to share what is working well with our SEND pupils. We often find that a predictable routine, and small, manageable chunks of learning support many pupils in their learning. We have additional support in lessons for SEND pupils and aim to keep class sizes as small as possible where we can. In addition to whole school strategies, we are keen to make Maths not only accessible, but also enjoyable for all pupils. With this in mind, we strive to create rich learning activities in a style that pupils become accustomed to quickly, allowing them to know for themselves how they are progressing and ask increasingly specific questions as their confidence grows.

Departmental Staff

Mr H Handhill	Head of Mathematics
Mr M Donga	Head of Mathematics
Mrs G Gavin	Head of KS4 Mathematics
Mrs E Rice	Head of KS3 Mathematics
Mrs T Swain	Assistant Headteacher
Mr S Donohue	Head of Sixth Form
Mrs K O'Neill	Mathematics Teacher and Numeracy Coordinator
Miss K Rossiter	Mathematics Teacher and Numeracy Coordinator
Miss M Haslam	Mathematics Teacher
Mr T Keating	Mathematics Teacher
Mrs S Wilkinson	Mathematics Teacher, Deputy Headteacher and SLT Line Manager

Year 7 Mathematics (KS3)

Overview Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
<u>ieini 1</u>	<u>16111 2</u>	<u>Terms</u>
The Number System	Ratio & Proportion	Lines and Angles
Operating with Number	Expressions, Functions and Formula	Sequences and graphs
Fractions & Percentages	Analysing & Displaying Data	Transformations
	Probability	
ring them for the GCSE examinations. Pupils are taught to justif s will follow the same topics however more support is given to Knowledge (What we would like students to know and unders	lower ability and more depth is applied to the higher abil stand by the end of year 7)	ity.
ighout year 7, pupils will be given the opportunity to consolidat raphs. Pupils will learn new skills such as algebraic manipulatior		ew aspects of Mathematics such as more complex al
linary Vocabulary		
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://app.weduc.co.uk/get/external/p/id//d/2b30235a6c9d	45510a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb3056	<u>5ba32a8.xlsx</u>
	455f0a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb3056	<u>5ba32a8.xlsx</u>
	<u>45510a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb3056</u>	<u>5ba32a8.xlsx</u> <u>Term 3</u>
Learning and Recall		
Learning and Recall <u>Term 1</u> Number bonds Written and mental methods using the four operations	<u>Term 2</u>	<u>Term 3</u>
Term 1 Number bonds Written and mental methods using the four operations Place value	Term 2➤Understanding what the Mean, Median and Mode are.➤Ordering positive and negative numbers	<u>Term 3</u> ➤ Properties of shapes
 Number bonds Written and mental methods using the four operations 	 <u>Term 2</u> > Understanding what the Mean, Median and Mode are. > Ordering positive and negative numbers including decimals and fractions. 	<u>Term 3</u> ➤ Properties of shapes
Term 1 Number bonds Written and mental methods using the four operations Place value	Term 2➤Understanding what the Mean, Median and Mode are.➤Ordering positive and negative numbers	<u>Term 3</u> ➤ Properties of shapes
Image: Term 1 Image: Number bonds Image: Number bonds Image: Written and mental methods using the four operations Image: Place value Image: Fractions and proportion	 <u>Term 2</u> > Understanding what the Mean, Median and Mode are. > Ordering positive and negative numbers including decimals and fractions. 	<u>Term 3</u> ➤ Properties of shapes
Term 1 Number bonds Written and mental methods using the four operations Place value Fractions and proportion	 <u>Term 2</u> > Understanding what the Mean, Median and Mode are. > Ordering positive and negative numbers including decimals and fractions. > Basic rules of number 	<u>Term 3</u> Properties of shapes Expressions, Functions & Formulae
Image: Term 1 Image: Number bonds Image: Number bonds Image: Written and mental methods using the four operations Image: Place value Image: Fractions and proportion	Term 2 ➤ Understanding what the Mean, Median and Mode are. ➤ Ordering positive and negative numbers including decimals and fractions. ➤ Basic rules of number ssment takes place during lessons and a more formal asset	<u>Term 3</u> Properties of shapes Expressions, Functions & Formulae

deadlines. As it is school policy to set homework, a detention will be issued and/or a letter sent home if they are not completed regularly. Prior to assessment periods, pupils may receive an increased volume of homework or independent study work. This will help them to prepare for exam revision in the future.

All pupils will be given A5 homework booklets. Work will also be uploaded onto Satchel One in case pupils are absent during the lesson that it was set. Pupils will be expected to complete the questions in their homework book and return it to class for the day that it is due.

Homework worksheets are generated on <u>https://vle.mathswatch.co.uk/vle/</u>, this is also the website we use for the revision schedules.

Pupils will be given homework which is suitable for the ability of their class, the homework topics will follow the order of the topics above (roughly 2/3 weeks after the topic is taught).

How Parents can Help

• Other useful website to use:

MyMaths - <u>https://www.mymaths.co.uk/</u>

- Oak Academy <u>https://www.thenational.academy/</u>
- Corbett Maths <u>https://corbettmaths.com/</u>
- Maths Genie <u>https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk/</u>
- Just Maths (more tailored towards GCSE) <u>https://justmaths.co.uk/</u>
- Check Satchel One regularly and ensure all work is completed to a good standard.
- Ensure that basic equipment is brought to each lesson. A pen, pencil and ruler are the minimum requirements.
- Encourage the use of the Internet for homework completion and revision (see useful websites list).
- Talk about the Mathematics that your child is studying and in the world around them. Encourage the use of the correct terms and language (see parent booklet on school website).
- Ensure pupils revise for assessment tests.

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Year 8 Mathematics (KS3)

Curriculum Overview								
Brief Overview								
Term 1	<u>Term 2</u>	<u>Term 3</u>						
Number	Percentages, Decimals and Fractions	Lines and Angles						
Decimals and Ratio	Area and Volume	Statistics, Graphs and Charts						
Calculating with Fractions	Expressions and Equations	Real-life Graphs						
	Straight-line Graphs							
In Year 8 pupils follow objectives from the new National Curric	ulum. Pupils are encouraged to build on their knowledge from	n Key Stage 2 and year 7, developing their mathematical thinking						
and preparing them for the GCSE examinations. Pupils are taug								
classes will follow the same topics however more support is give	en to lower ability and more depth is applied to the higher ab	pility.						
New Knowledge (What we would like students to know and a								
		ore of an emphasis on depth within the topic. Pupils should take						
their knowledge from previous years and build on it in order to	improve. During year 8 there is more of a focus on graphs, in	particular real life graphs and straight line graphs.						
Disciplinary Vocabulary								
https://app.weduc.co.uk/get/external/p/id/7d72b30235	a6c9d455f0a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb305	<u>65ba32a8.xlsx</u>						
Prior Learning and Recall								
<u>Term 1</u>	<u>Term 2</u>	<u>Term 3</u>						
Fractions and proportion	Operating between fractions and percentages	Angle facts						
Written and mental methods using the four	Properties of shapes	Calculating and understanding averages						
operations	Sequences and graphs	Sequences and graphs						
Operations with powers of 10	Expressions, Functions and Formula	Expressions, Functions and Formula						
Place value								
Examinations/Key Assessments								
		progress throughout the year. Classwork will be marked in detail						
by the class teacher, informing pupils of how they are doing, hi		ght to mark their own work and the work of their peers. This						
allows pupils to understand how their work is assessed and how	<i>w</i> it can be improved.							
Homework (Including Links)								
This is set once a week and is designed to support the work do	-							
		ted regularly. Prior to assessment periods, pupils may receive an						
increased volume of homework or independent study work. The	is will help them to prepare for exam revision in the future.							
		the lesson that it was set. Pupils will be expected to complete the						
questions in their homework book and return it to class for the day that it is due.								

Homework worksheets are generated on <u>https://vle.mathswatch.co.uk/vle/</u>, this is also the website we use for the revision schedules.

Pupils will be given homework which is suitable for the ability of their class, the homework topics will follow the order of the topics above (roughly 2/3 weeks after the topic is taught).

How Parents can Help

- Other useful website to use:
 - MyMaths <u>https://www.mymaths.co.uk/</u>
 - Oak Academy <u>https://www.thenational.academy/</u>
 - Corbett Maths <u>https://corbettmaths.com/</u>

- Maths Genie <u>https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk/</u>
- Just Maths (more tailored towards GCSE) <u>https://justmaths.co.uk/</u>
- Check Satchel One regularly and ensure all work is completed to a good standard.
- Ensure that basic equipment is brought to each lesson. A pen, pencil and ruler are the minimum requirements.
- Encourage the use of the Internet for homework completion and revision (see useful websites list).
- Talk about the Mathematics that your child is studying and in the world around them. Encourage the use of the correct terms and language (see parent booklet on school website).
- Ensure pupils revise for assessment tests.

Year 9 Mathematics (KS3)

Curriculum Overview

Brief Overview		
<u>Term 1</u>	<u>Term 2</u>	Term 3
 Indices and Standard Form Expressions and Formulae Dealing with Data Multiplicative Reasoning 	 Sequences, Inequalities, Equations and Proportion Circles, Pythagoras and Prisms Graphs 	 Probability Comparing Shapes Constructions

In Year 8 pupils follow objectives from the new National Curriculum. Pupils are encouraged to build on their knowledge from Key Stage 2 and year 7, developing their mathematical thinking and preparing them for the GCSE examinations. Pupils are taught to justify their methods and explain their reasoning ensuring they become resilient and independent problem solvers. In Year 8 pupils follow objectives from the new National Curriculum. Pupils are encouraged to build on their knowledge from Key Stage 2 and year 7/8, developing their mathematical thinking and preparing them for the GCSE examinations. Pupils are taught to justify their methods and explain their reasoning ensuring they become resilient and independent problem solvers. In Year 8 pupils follow objectives from the new National Curriculum. Pupils are encouraged to build on their knowledge from Key Stage 2 and year 7/8, developing their and independent problem solvers. In Year 8 pupils follow objectives from the new National Curriculum. Pupils are encouraged to build on their knowledge from Key Stage 2 and year 7, developing their mathematical thinking and preparing them for the GCSE examinations. Pupils are taught to justify their methods and explain their reasoning ensuring they become resilient and independent problem solvers. In Year 8 pupils follow objectives from the new National Curriculum. Pupils are encouraged to build on their knowledge from Key Stage 2 and year 7, developing their mathematical thinking and preparing them for the GCSE examinations. Pupils are taught to justify their methods and explain their reasoning ensuring they become resilient and independent problem solvers. All classes will follow the same topics however more support is given to lower ability and more depth is applied to the higher ability.

New Knowledge (What we would like students to know and understand by the end of year 9)

Mathematics follows a spiral learning scheme so pupils may revisit some topics from previous years however there will be more of an emphasis on depth within the topic. Pupils should take their knowledge from previous years and build on it in order to improve. During year 9 there are a number of new topics which the pupils will face, particularly to do with shapes. Pupils will be introduced to calculating area and volume of 3D shapes along with seeing new topics such as Pythagoras theorem and standard form.

Disciplinary Vocabulary

https://app.weduc.co.uk/get/external/p/id/7d72b30235a6c9d455f0a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb30565ba32a8.xlsx

Prior Learning and Recall

<u>Term 1</u>	<u>Term 2</u>	<u>Term 3</u>
Order of operations	Substitution	Scales and measure
 Ratio and proportion Calculating and understanding averages 	 Using mathematical equipment such as a protractor and a compass 	 Ratio and proportion Area and Volume of 2D and 3D shapes
	 Area and perimeter of 2D shapes Algebraic manipulation i.e. simplifying expressions 	Angle facts

Examinations/Key Assessments

Regular assessment takes place during lessons and a more formal assessment will be given once each term to track a pupil's progress throughout the year. Classwork will be marked in detail by the class teacher, informing pupils of how they are doing, highlighting areas of weakness and strength. Pupils are also taught to mark their own work and the work of their peers. This allows pupils to understand how their work is assessed and how it can be improved.

Homework (Including Links)

This is set once a week and is designed to support the work done during lessons. The task will be detailed on *Satchel One*, so that pupils and their parents can easily access the work and deadlines. As it is school policy to set homework, a detention will be issued and/or a letter sent home if they are not completed regularly. Prior to assessment periods, pupils may receive an increased volume of homework or independent study work. This will help them to prepare for exam revision in the future.

All pupils will be given A5 homework booklets. Work will also be uploaded onto Satchel One in case pupils are absent during the lesson that it was set. Pupils will be expected to complete the questions in their homework book and return it to class for the day that it is due.

Homework worksheets are generated on <u>https://vle.mathswatch.co.uk/vle/</u>, this is also the website we use for the revision schedules.

Pupils will be given homework which is suitable for the ability of their class, the homework topics will follow the order of the topics above (roughly 2/3 weeks after the topic is taught).

• Other useful website to use:

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- MyMaths <u>https://www.mymaths.co.uk/</u>
- Oak Academy <u>https://www.thenational.academy/</u>
- Corbett Maths <u>https://corbettmaths.com/</u>
- Maths Genie <u>https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk/</u>
- Just Maths (more tailored towards GCSE) <u>https://justmaths.co.uk/</u>
- Check Satchel One regularly and ensure all work is completed to a good standard.
- Ensure that basic equipment is brought to each lesson. A pen, pencil and ruler are the minimum requirements.
- Encourage the use of the Internet for homework completion and revision (see useful websites list).
- Talk about the Mathematics that your child is studying and in the world around them. Encourage the use of the correct terms and language (see parent booklet on school website).
- Ensure pupils revise for assessment tests.

Year 10 Mathematics (KS4)

Curriculum Overview Brief Overview

	Higher 1		Higher 2		Foundation 1		Foundation 2
Term 1		Term 1		Term 1		Term 1	
>	Number: Powers, Roots, Indices and Surds	≻	Number: Calculations, Checking and Rounding	>	Number: Powers and Decimals, HCF and LCM, Roots and Rounding	>	Integers and Place Value, Factors, Multiples and Primes
>	Expressions, Formulae and Proof	≻	Indices, Roots, Factors and Multiples, Standard Form and	≻	Algebra: Expressions, Expanding and Factorising	>	Algebra: Expressions, Expanding and Factorising
\succ	Data: Averages and Range		Surds	\succ	Drawing and Interpreting Graphs,	\checkmark	Drawing and Interpreting Graphs,
\succ	Fractions, Percentages,	\succ	Algebra: Setting up, Rearranging		Tables and Charts		Tables and Charts
\succ	Ratio and Proportion		and Solving Equations, Sequences	\succ	Fractions and Percentages		
Term 2		Term 2		Term 2		Term 2	
	Angles, polygons, Pythagoras and Trigonometry Graphs: Real-life, Algebraic, Circles and Rates of Change Perimeter, Area and Volume, Accuracy and Bounds		Averages and Range Representing and Interpreting Data Scatter Graphs Fractions Percentages		Algebra: Equations, Inequalities and Sequences Angles, Polygons and Parallel Lines Statistics: Sampling and Averages Perimeter, Area and Volume		Pie Charts and Scatter Graphs Fractions, Decimals and Percentages Equations
Term 3	•	Term 3		Term 3		Term 3	
A	Transformations, Constructions, Plans and Elevations and Bearings Algebra: Quadratics, Inequalities, Simultaneous Equations Probability		Ratio and Proportion Polygons, Angles and Parallel Lines Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry Linear Graphs and Coordinate Geometry	A A	Perimeter, Area and Volume Transformations		Inequalities Sequences Properties of Shapes and Angles Statistics: Sampling and Averages

There is now a greater emphasis on problem-solving skills, which will require a level of skill in each of these areas and will test your ability to apply these skills in a variety of situations. Work in lessons can be individual, paired, group work or whole-class discussion. You may be completing an exercise to practise a skill, or discussing a new concept to address misconceptions and alternative methods. To do this, you will be taught how and when to use appropriate mathematical software and calculators. You will learn written methods and formulae required to solve problems, given exam practice questions and shown how to work independently and revise for your exams.

New Knowledge (What we would like students to know and understand by the end of their GCSE)

Throughout the GCSE curriculum there is an emphasis on exam practice, understanding how to structure an answer, problem solving and time keeping. Along with learning the content, pupils will build resilience and independence which are key skills for them to carry forward into the next part of their education.

Disciplinary Vocabulary

https://app.weduc.co.uk/get/external/p/id/7d72b30235a6c9d455f0a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb30565ba32a8.xlsx

Prior Learning and Recall

<u>Higher</u>	Foundation
 Factors, multiples and primes 	Number bonds
Converting between fractions, decimals and percentages	Place value
Algebraic manipulation including simplifying expressions, solving multi step	Operating with powers of 10
equations, expanding brackets and factorising.	Calculating using the four operations, including with fractions and decimals
Using mathematical equipment such as a protractor and compass	Using mathematical equipment such as a protractor and compass
Properties of 2D and 3D shapes	Recognising a sequence both numerically and graphically.
Area and volume of 2D and 3D shapes	Recall the formulae for area of 2D shapes
Angle facts	Calculating averages
Proportion	Angles facts
Constructing graphs	

- Calculating averages
- Recognising a sequence both numerically and graphically.
- Calculating using the four operations, including with fractions and decimals.

Examinations/Key Assessments

GCSE Maths is assessed by three written papers; paper 1 is a non-calculator assessment and a calculator may be used for papers 2 and 3. Each exam will contribute to your overall grade. There are two tiers of entry, Foundation (grades 1 to 5) and higher tier (grades 4 to 9), and assessment is by written examination only.

Homework (Including Links)

This is set once a week and is designed to support the work done during lessons. The task will be detailed on *Satchel One*, so that pupils and their parents can easily access the work and deadlines. As it is school policy to set homework, a detention will be issued and/or a letter sent home if they are not completed regularly. Prior to assessment periods, pupils may receive an increased volume of homework or independent study work. This will help them to prepare for exam revision in the future. Homework may be set online using *MyMaths* or *MathsWatch* websites. This provides support and immediate feedback on the work you have done and allows the class teacher to keep a record of a pupil's progress. Pupils will be given homework which is suitable for the ability of their class, the homework topics will follow the order of the topics above (roughly 2/3 weeks after the topic is taught). Weekly homework will be set on Mathswatch which includes some problem solving and exam style questioning in order to prepare the pupils for their GCSE's.

How Parents can Help

- Other useful website to use:
 - MyMaths <u>https://www.mymaths.co.uk/</u>
 - Oak Academy <u>https://www.thenational.academy/</u>
 - Corbett Maths <u>https://corbettmaths.com/</u>
 - Maths Genie <u>https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk/</u>
 - Just Maths <u>https://justmaths.co.uk/</u>
- Check *Satchel One* regularly and ensure all work is completed to a good standard.
- Ensure that basic equipment is brought to each lesson. A pen, pencil and ruler are the minimum requirements.
- Encourage the use of the Internet for homework completion and revision (see useful websites list).
- Talk about the Mathematics that your child is studying and in the world around them. Encourage the use of the correct terms and language (see parent booklet on school website).
- Ensure pupils revise for assessment tests.

Year 11 Mathematics (KS4)

Curriculum Overview					
Brief Overview					
Higher 1	Higher 2	Foundation 1	Foundation 2		
Term 1	Term 1	Term 1	Term 1		
	Perimeter, Area and Circles	Ratio			

	Quadratic and Simultaneous Equations Inequalities Probability		3D Forms and Volume Accuracy and bounds Transformations Constructions, Loci and Bearings		Proportion Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry Probability		Properties of Shapes, Parallel Lines and Angles Statistics: Sampling and Averages Perimeter, area and volume
	Multiplicative Reasoning Congruence and Similarity Trigonometric Graphs	Â	Quadratic and Simultaneous Equations Inequalities	ÂÂ	Multiplicative Reasoning Construction and Bearings		Real-life and Algebraic Linear Graphs Straight-line Graphs Transformations
Term 2 > > > > >	Further Trigonometry Collecting Data Cumulative Frequency Circle Theorems Circle Geometry	Term 2	Probability Multiplicative Reasoning Similarity and Congruence Graphs of Trigonometric Functions	Term 2	Quadratic Equations; expanding, factorising and graphs Circles, Cylinders, Cones and Spheres Fractions and Reciprocals Similarity and Congruence	Term 2 > > > > >	Ratio and Proportion Pythagoras and Trigonometry Probability Multiplicative Reasoning: Percentages, Rates of Change, Compound Measures Construction, Loci and Bearings
Term 3	Vectors and Geometric Proof Reciprocal and Exponential Graphs Direct and Inverse Proportion	Term 3	Further Trigonometry Collecting Data Cumulative Frequency and Box Plots Histograms Quadratics	Term 3	Vectors Rearranging Equations Graphs of Cubic and Reciprocal Functions Simultaneous Equations	Term 3	Algebra: Quadratic Equations and Graphs Perimeter, Area and Volume Fractions, Reciprocals, Standard Form and Indices

There is now a greater emphasis on problem-solving skills, which will require a level of skill in each of these areas and will test your ability to apply these skills in a variety of situations. Work in lessons can be individual, paired, group work or whole-class discussion. You may be completing an exercise to practise a skill, or discussing a new concept to address misconceptions and alternative methods. To do this, you will be taught how and when to use appropriate mathematical software and calculators. You will learn written methods and formulae required to solve problems, given exam practice questions and shown how to work independently and revise for your exams.

New Knowledge (What we would like students to know and understand by the end of GCSE)

Throughout the GCSE curriculum there is an emphasis on exam practice, understanding how to structure an answer, problem solving and time keeping. Along with learning the content, pupils will build resilience and independence which are key skills for them to carry forward into the next part of their education.

Disciplinary Vocabulary

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Prior Lea	rior Learning and Recall					
	<u>Higher</u>		<u>Foundation</u>			
\checkmark	Factors, multiples and primes	>	Number bonds			
≻	Converting between fractions, decimals and percentages	\succ	Place value			
\succ	Algebraic manipulation including simplifying expressions, solving multi step	≻	Operating with powers of 10			
	equations, expanding brackets and factorising.	≻	Calculating using the four operations, including with fractions and decimals			
\succ	Using mathematical equipment such as a protractor and compass	≻	Using mathematical equipment such as a protractor and compass			
≻	Properties of 2D and 3D shapes	≻	Recognising a sequence both numerically and graphically.			
≻	Area and volume of 2D and 3D shapes	≻	Recall the formulae for area of 2D shapes			
≻	Angle facts	≻	Calculating averages			
\succ	Proportion	≻	Angles facts			

- Constructing graphs
- Calculating averages
- Recognising a sequence both numerically and graphically.
- Calculating using the four operations, including with fractions and decimals.

Examinations/Key Assessments

GCSE Maths is assessed by three written papers; paper 1 is a non-calculator assessment and a calculator may be used for papers 2 and 3. Each exam will contribute to your overall grade. There are two tiers of entry, Foundation (grades 1 to 5) and higher tier (grades 4 to 9), and assessment is by written examination only.

Homework (Including Links)

This is set once a week and is designed to support the pupils with their upcoming GCSE exams. Pupils will have an exam practice lesson where they will be taught how to understand and answer exam style questions. Pupils will then be given an exam paper to take home so that they can practice these skills at home. The task will be detailed on *Satchel One*, so that pupils and their parents can easily access the work and deadlines. As it is school policy to set homework, a detention will be issued and/or a letter sent home if they are not completed regularly. Prior to assessment periods, pupils may receive an increased volume of homework or independent study work. This will help them to prepare for exam revision in the future. Homework may be set online using *MyMaths* or *MathsWatch* websites. This provides support and immediate feedback on the work you have done and allows the class teacher to keep a record of a pupil's progress.

How Parents can Help

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 - Oak Academy <u>https://www.thenational.academy/</u>
 - Corbett Maths <u>https://corbettmaths.com/</u>
 - Maths Genie <u>https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk/</u>
 - > Just Maths (more tailored towards GCSE) https://justmaths.co.uk/
- Check Satchel One regularly and ensure all work is completed to a good standard.
- Ensure that basic equipment is brought to each lesson. A pen, pencil and ruler are the minimum requirements.
- Encourage the use of the Internet for homework completion and revision (see useful websites list).
- Talk about the Mathematics that your child is studying and in the world around them. Encourage the use of the correct terms and language (see parent booklet on school website).
- Ensure pupils revise for assessment tests.

Year 12/13 Mathematics (KS5)

Curriculum Overview		
Brief Overview		
<u>Term 1</u>	<u>Term 2</u>	<u>Term 3</u>
Year 12		
Algebra Expressions	Algebraic Methods	Vectors
Quadratics	Binomial Expansion	Differentiation
Equations and Inequalities	Trigonometric Ratios	Integration
Graphs and Transformation	Trigonometric Identities & Equations	Exponentials and Logarithms
Straight Line Graphs	Representations of Data	Statistical Distributions
Circles	Correlation	Hypothesis
Data Collection	Probability	Forces and Motion
Measures of Location and Spread	 Constant Acceleration 	Variable Acceleration
Introduction to Mechanics		
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Year 13		
Algebraic Methods	Trigonometric Functions	Numerical Methods
Functions and Graphs	Trigonometry and Modelling	Integration
Sequences and Series	Parametric Equations	Vectors
Binomial Expansion	 Differentiation 	Normal Distribution
Radians	Conditional Probability	Applications of Forces
Regression, Correlation & Hypothesis Testing	 Friction 	Further Mechanics
Moments	Projectiles	

The study of A-level Mathematics can be both an exciting and challenging prospect. You will develop your abilities to reason logically, generalise and construct mathematical proofs, using mathematics as an effective means of communication. You will relate mathematics to real life situations, representing various scenarios mathematically by constructing models and theorems. Several University courses require A-level mathematics. If you are thinking of studying Science, Engineering, Architecture, Accounting, Business, Computing or Teaching A-level Mathematics can provide you with the skills necessary to succeed.

New Knowledge (What we would like students to know and understand by the end of A level)

- Circles (when the centre is not at origin)
- Trigonometric ratios and identities
- Logarithms
- Differentiation
- Integration
- Parametric equations
- Radians
- Binomial expansion
- Sum of a series
- Algebraic proof
- Statistical models

Disciplinary Vocabulary

https://app.weduc.co.uk/get/external/p/id/7d72b30235a6c9d455f0a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb30565ba32a8.xlsx

Prior Learning and Recall

Laws of indices

- Factorising quadratics
- Completing the square
- Using quadratic equation
- Solving simultaneous equations
- Plotting/sketching linear graphs
- > Transformation of graphs (when the graph is already drawn)

Examinations/Key Assessments

Both AS and A level Mathematics are assessed by a set of terminal exams. A minimum specification calculator is required for these examinations.

Homework (Including Links)

A substantial homework is set at least once a week and will be detailed on Satchel One. Past papers and revision guides are available for all students.

How Parents can Help

- Check Show My Homework regularly encourage your son/daughter to complete all work to a good standard.
- Encourage the use of the Internet for homework completion, revision and independent study (see useful websites list).
- Ensure pupils revise for assessment tests and mock exams.
- Revision guides and workbooks are available for purchase from the maths department.

Year 12/13 Further Mathematics (KS5)

Mathematics aim for year 7:

Curriculum Overview

Brief Overview		
<u>Term 1</u>	<u>Term 2</u>	<u>Term 3</u>
Year 12		
Complex Numbers	Volumes of Revolution	Proof by Induction
Argand Diagrams	Matrices	Vectors
Series	Linear Transformations	Linear Programming
Roots of Polynomials	Algorithms on Graphs	Critical Path Analysis
Algorithms	Route Inspection	Hypothesis Testing
Graphs and Networks	Poisson Distributions	Chi-squared Tests
Discrete Random Variables		
Year 13		
Complex Numbers	Polar Coordinates	Modelling with Differential Equations
Series	Hyperbolic Functions	Trigonometric Ratios
Methods of Calculus	Methods in Differential Equations	Central Limit Theorem
Volumes of Revolution	This Simplex Algorithm	Probability Generating Functions
The Travelling Salesman Problem	Geometric and Negative Binomial Distributions	Quality of Tests
The study of A-level Further Mathematics can be both	an exciting and challenging prospect. You will develop your abilitie	s to reason logically, generalise and construct
mathematical proofs, using mathematics as an effectiv	e means of communication. You will relate mathematics to real life	e situations, representing various scenarios
mathematically by constructing models and theorems.	Several University courses require A-level Further Mathematics to	study subjects such as Mathematics or Physics.
More Universities now ask for the A-level Further Math	nematics as a desirable A-Level for pupils to have taken in order to	start their courses.

New Knowledge (What we would like students to know and understand by the end of A-Level Further Maths)

- > Complex numbers with Argand diagrams
- > Roots of polynomials (higher than quadratic)
- > Volumes of 3D shapes using volumes of revolutions
- > Matrices with linear transformation
- > Proof using proof by induction
- Polar coordinates
- > Hyperbolic Functions
- Complex differential equations
- > Algorithms
- Critical path analysis
- Linear programming

Disciplinary Vocabulary

https://app.weduc.co.uk/get/external/p/id/7d72b30235a6c9d455f0a0574889975103a98112997c484c783eb30565ba32a8.xlsx

Prior Learning and Recall

- Laws of indices
- > Factorising quadratics
- Completing the square
- Using quadratic equation
- Solving simultaneous equations
- Plotting/sketching linear graphs

> Transformation of graphs (when the graph is already drawn)

Pupils will also be required to know majority of A-Level Maths which will be taught to them along side Further Maths. Therefore students will be given prior knowledge homeworks and activities in lesson to help gain an understanding of aspects taught in A-Level Maths, to allow them to access the A-Level Further Maths content.

Examinations/Key Assessments

Both AS and A level Further Mathematics are assessed by a set of terminal exams. A minimum specification calculator is required for these examinations.

Homework (Including Links)

A substantial homework is set at least once a week and will be detailed on Show My Homework. Past papers and revision guides are available for all students.

How Parents can Help

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- Ensure pupils revise for assessment tests and mock exams.
- Revision guides and workbooks are available for purchase from the maths department.